



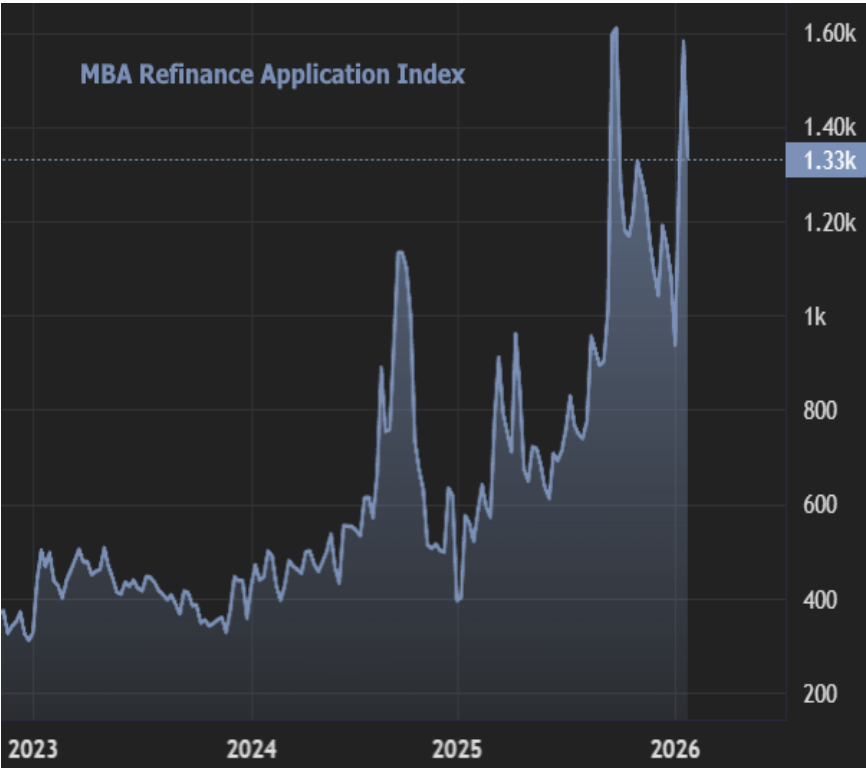
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Best Month For Home Price Gains in Over a Year, But Context Matters

This week's newsletter is all about context when it comes to economic data and market movement. One point of view may provide a clear takeaway while zooming out completely changes the picture.

Let's start with an easy one. The early January mortgage rate rally led to an obvious surge in refinance applications. Taken together with the mini refi boom in September 2025, things look pretty active, even after accounting for last week's modest decline from the highs.



But if we zoom out to include history's **actual refi booms**, we find that the present example--while still a meaningful improvement from where we were--merely gets us back in line with historical lows.

National Average Mortgage Rates



	Rate	Change	Points
Mortgage News Daily			
30YR Fixed	7.35%	+0.02	0.00
15YR Fixed	7.00%	-0.01	0.00
30YR FHA	6.99%	+0.01	0.00
30YR Jumbo	7.60%	0.00	0.00
7/6 SOFR	6.86%	+0.01	0.00
30YR VA	7.00%	+0.01	0.00

Rates as of: 10/28

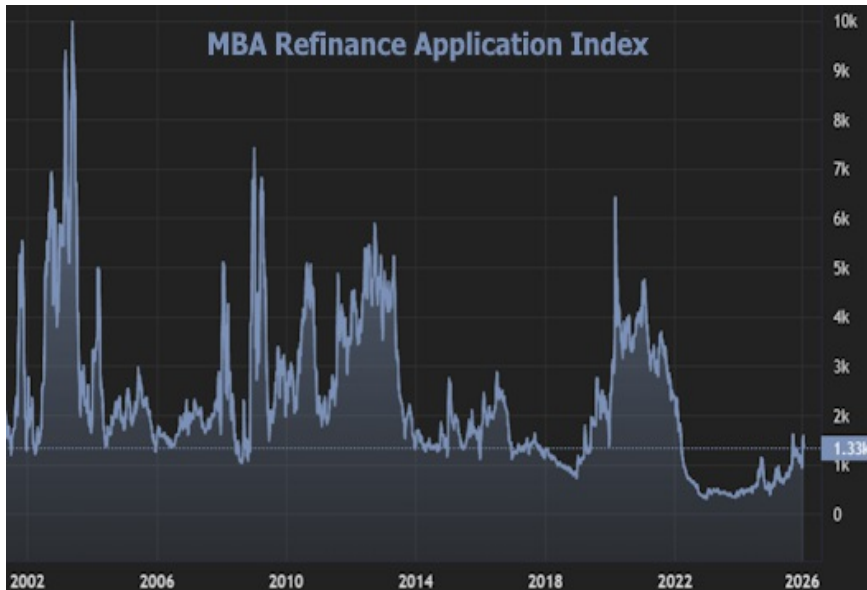
MBS and Treasury

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	99.71	+0.11
10 YR Treasury	4.9824	-0.0341
30 YR Treasury	5.3087	-0.0366

Pricing as of: 10/28 10:08PM EST

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Oct 14	188.6	-5.32%
Building Permits	Sep	1.4M	+0.43%
Housing Starts	Sep	1.22M	-4.24%
New Home Sales	Aug	684K	+12.69%
Pending Home Sales	Aug	71.2	0%
Existing Home Sales	Oct	3.99M	+0.25%
Builder Confidence	Oct	29	-9.38%

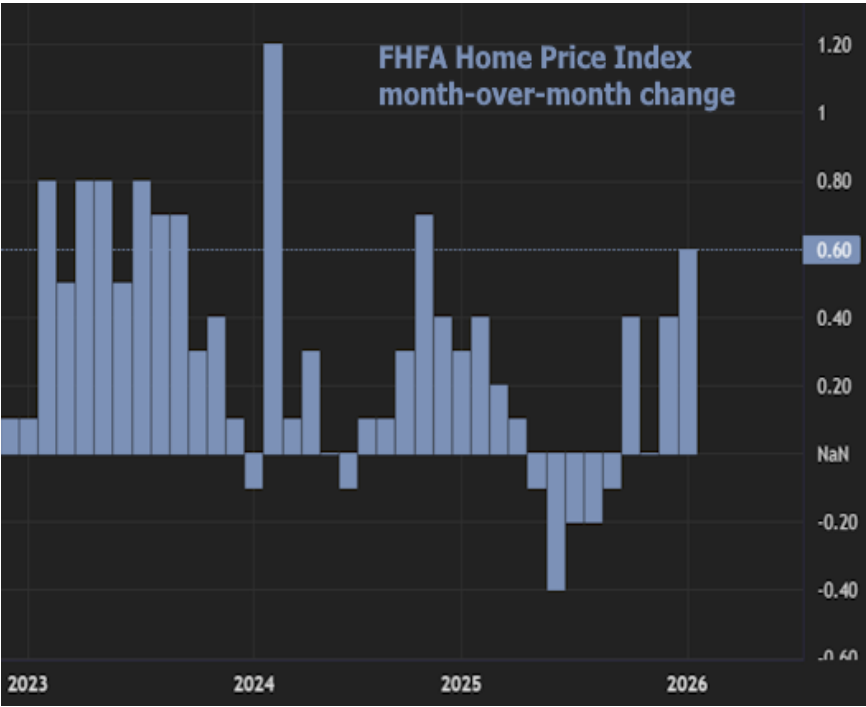


Context is important here too, because for most of the time seen in the chart above, rates were declining from all-time highs in the early 1980s. As such, there were rolling opportunities to refinance again and again. With rates hitting all-time lows in 2021 and moving higher since then, the only decent refi opportunities have been for those who bought new homes when rates were higher over the past few years.

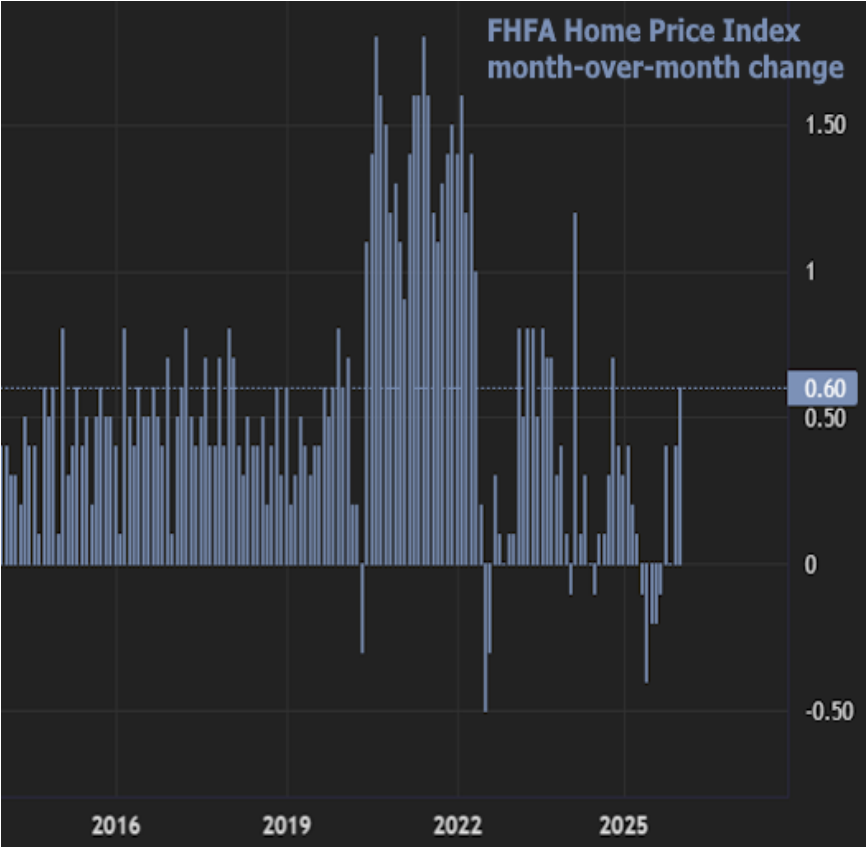
Freddie Mac 30yr Fixed Mortgage Rate Index



Similar caveats apply when it comes to home prices. In data released this week, home prices appreciated at their fastest monthly pace in over a year.



Zooming out to a wider frame of reference is only the first of several "yeah buts," and it shows prices simply enjoyed what had historically been a decent month of improvement.

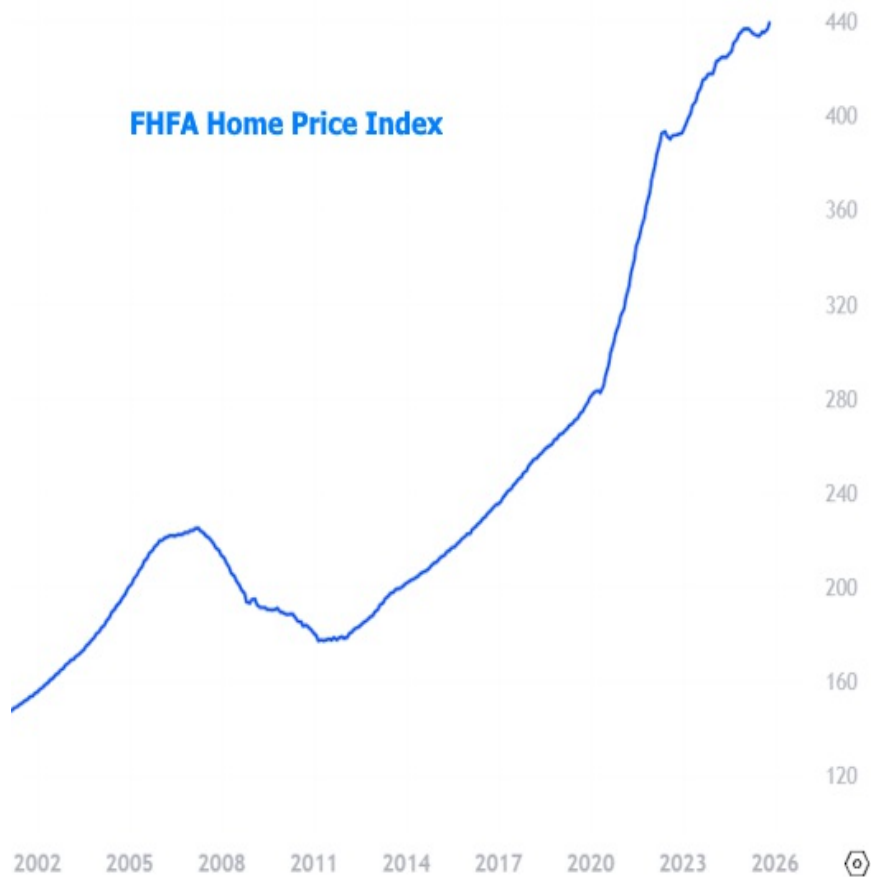


So is this a result of the recent drop in rates? Not exactly. In fact, that question could only really be asked of September's drop in rates because the home price data is for the month of November. Prices don't have a lot of immediate sensitivity to rates in general. If the most recent rate rally made a difference, it'll be 2-3 months before it shows up in the data.

The 3rd caveat on the price data is that month-to-month charts aren't as useful as year-over-year charts in capturing broad trends. The following chart has the same FHFA home price index seen above, but expressed in year-over-year terms. In other words, this is the annual pace of home price appreciation--still positive, but the slowest growth since the financial crisis.

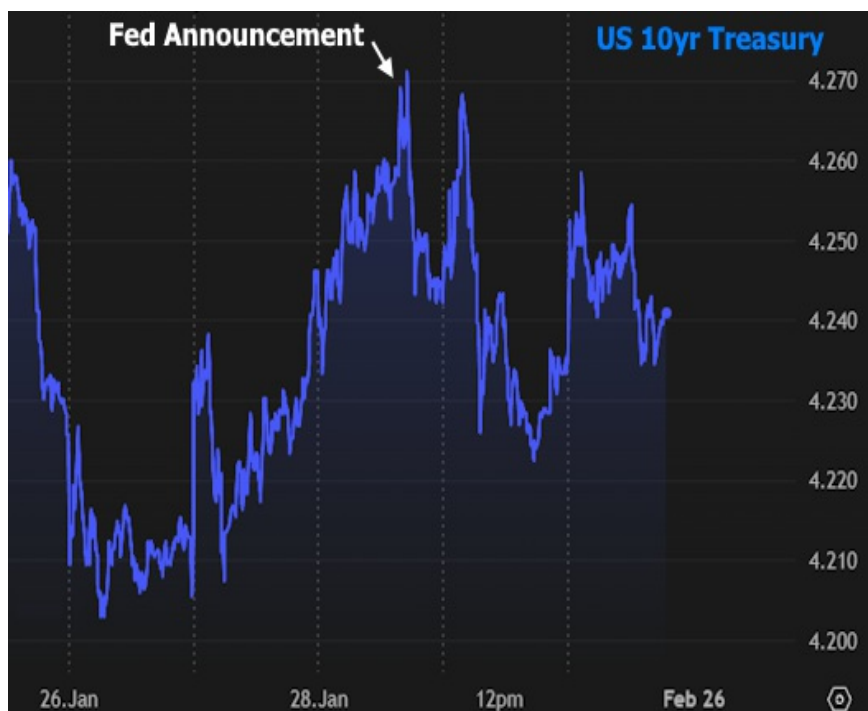


If the chart above gives you any sort of downbeat feeling about home prices, don't stress out too much. The next chart is the same exact data, in completely raw format. In other words, the previous charts have captured percent in monthly or annual terms. This chart is the underlying data that's being measured: the actual FHFA Home Price Index.



Yep, that's at all time highs--just not surging higher as fast as it had been (which may be a good thing, depending on one's thoughts on sustainability).

Context matters in financial markets too. If we only look at this week in the rate market, US Treasuries suggest things were fairly volatile--perhaps with some reaction to Wednesday's Fed Announcement.



In the slightly bigger picture, bonds/rates are just consolidating after the more violent breakout seen last Monday. In fact, none of this week's economic data or other scheduled events had a huge impact.



There's more legitimate opportunity for data-driven volatility in the week ahead as it brings the month's most important slate of economic reports. Strong supporting actors include ISM reports on manufacturing and services (Mon/Wed), Job Openings (Tue), and ADP Payrolls (Wed). As always, the heaviest hitter of all in terms of potential volatility will be Friday's big jobs report.

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Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Monday, Jan 26				
8:30AM	Nov Durable goods (%)	5.3%	3.7%	-2.2%
Tuesday, Jan 27				
8:15AM	ADP Employment Change Weekly	7.75K		8.0K
9:00AM	Nov FHFA Home Prices y/y (%)	1.9%		1.7%
9:00AM	Nov Case Shiller Home Prices-20 y/y (%)	1.4%	1.2%	1.3%
10:00AM	Jan CB Consumer Confidence (%)	84.5	90.9	89.1
Wednesday, Jan 28				
7:00AM	Jan/23 MBA Purchase Index	193.3		194.1
7:00AM	Jan/23 MBA Refi Index	1332.2		1580.8
2:00PM	Fed Interest Rate Decision	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%
2:30PM	Powell Press Conference			
Thursday, Jan 29				
8:30AM	Nov Trade Gap (bl)	\$-56.8B	\$-40.5B	\$-29.4B
8:30AM	Jan/24 Jobless Claims (k)	209K	205K	200K
8:30AM	Q3 Nonfarm Productivity QoQ Final	4.9%	4.9%	4.1%
8:30AM	Q3 Unit Labour Costs QoQ Final	-1.9%	-1.9%	-2.9%
10:00AM	Nov Factory orders mm (%)	2.7%	1.6%	-1.3%
Friday, Jan 30				
8:30AM	Dec Core PPI m/m (%)	0.7%	0.2%	0%
8:30AM	Dec Core PPI y/y (%)	3.3%	2.9%	3%
9:45AM	Jan Chicago PMI	54.0	44	43.5
Monday, Feb 02				
10:00AM	Jan ISM Manufacturing PMI	52.6	48.5	47.9
Wednesday, Feb 04				
8:15AM	Jan ADP jobs (k)	22K	48K	41K
10:00AM	Jan ISM N-Mfg PMI	53.8	53.5	54.4
Thursday, Feb 05				
8:30AM	Jan/31 Jobless Claims (k)	231K	212K	209K
10:00AM	Dec USA JOLTS Job Openings (ml)	6.542M	7.2M	7.146M
Wednesday, Feb 11				
8:30AM	Jan Unemployment rate mm (%)	4.3%	4.4%	4.4%
8:30AM	Jan Non Farm Payrolls (k)	130K	70K	50K
Monday, Feb 23				
10:00AM	Dec Factory orders mm (%)	-0.7%	-0.5%	2.7%
Friday, Feb 27				
10:00AM	Nov Construction spending (%)	-0.2%	0.2%	0.5%

Event Importance:

- No Stars = Insignificant
- ☆ Low
- ★ Moderate
- ★★ Important
- ★★★ Very Important

A Lower Price or a Lower Rate? Don't Guess. Compare: 10-22-2026

What Every Agent Should Know:---

With mortgage rates challenging affordability and buyers hesitant to make decisions, sellers are increasingly willing to negotiate. But here's a question every REALTOR® should consider:---

Is your buyer better off negotiating a lower purchase price—or asking the seller to contribute toward a permanently lower interest rate?---

A price reduction lowers the mortgage balance, but the resulting monthly payment savings may be surprisingly small.---

Alternatively, a seller contribution toward a permanent interest-rate buydown could provide substantially greater monthly payment relief, even with a higher purchase price.---

But what if mortgage rates decline in the next 6, 12, or 24 months?---

That's the question nobody can answer with certainty.---

A buyer who negotiates a larger price reduction may benefit from a lower loan balance and potentially refinance if rates decline. A buyer who secures a permanently lower rate benefits immediately, without depending on future market conditions.---

Both strategies have merit. The right answer depends on the numbers, the buyer's financial priorities, and how long they expect to keep the mortgage.---

For listing agents, this creates another negotiating opportunity. A seller contribution toward financing costs may be more attractive to a payment-conscious buyer than another reduction in asking price.---

Before your buyer requests a price reduction—or your seller agrees to one—give me a call.---

Let's compare the alternatives. Sometimes the smartest negotiation isn't about the price. It's about how the transaction is structured.---

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