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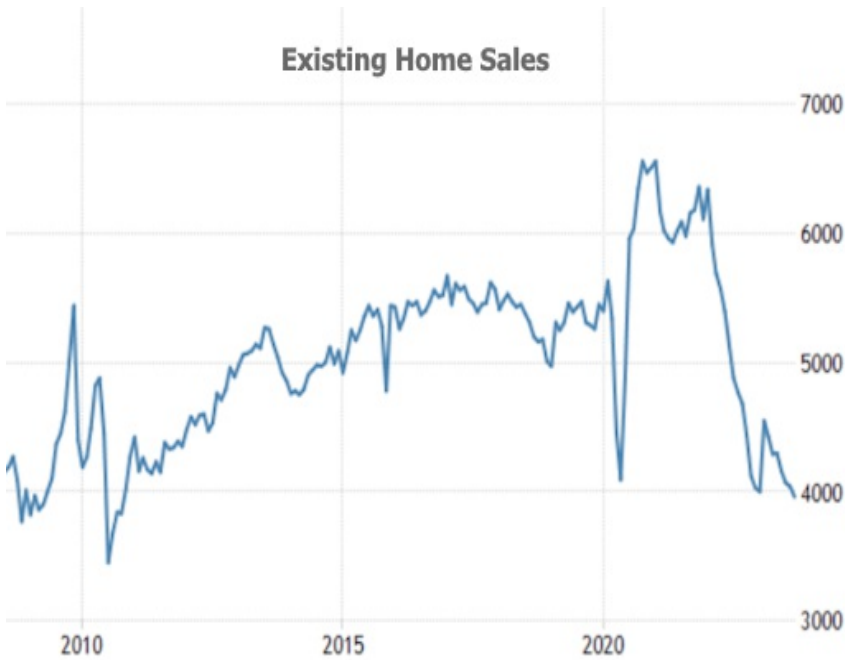
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## Doom, Gloom, Kool Aid, And Warm Porridge

Mortgage rates finally broke the 8% ceiling this week after months of gradual upward movement in the 7% range. At the same time, Existing Home Sales fell to the lowest levels in more than a decade. Pretty gloomy... but there are silver linings and perhaps even some overly optimistic Kool Aid to drink. As always, we'll try to focus on the warm bowl of porridge in the middle.

It's very true. The following charts of home sales and interest rates are not great.

**Existing Home Sales**



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## National Average Mortgage Rates



|                            | Rate  | Change | Points |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| <b>Mortgage News Daily</b> |       |        |        |
| 30 Yr. Fixed               | 6.89% | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 15 Yr. Fixed               | 6.33% | +0.01  | 0.00   |
| 30 Yr. FHA                 | 6.33% | +0.01  | 0.00   |
| 30 Yr. Jumbo               | 7.05% | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 5/1 ARM                    | 6.58% | 0.00   | 0.00   |

### Freddie Mac

|              |       |       |      |
|--------------|-------|-------|------|
| 30 Yr. Fixed | 6.77% | -0.09 | 0.00 |
| 15 Yr. Fixed | 6.05% | -0.11 | 0.00 |

Rates as of: 7/22

## Market Data

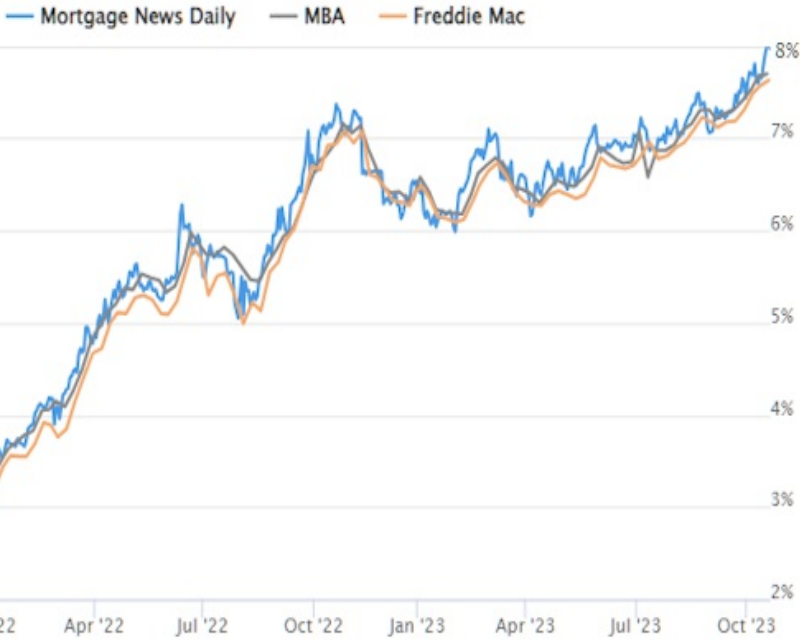
|                | Price / Yield | Change  |
|----------------|---------------|---------|
| MBS UMBS 5.5   | 99.30         | -0.10   |
| MBS GNMA 5.5   | 99.70         | -0.07   |
| 10 YR Treasury | 4.2711        | +0.0332 |
| 30 YR Treasury | 4.4866        | +0.0398 |

Pricing as of: 7/22 1:01PM EST

## Recent Housing Data

|                     |        | Value | Change  |
|---------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| Mortgage Apps       | Jul 10 | 206.1 | -0.19%  |
| Building Permits    | Mar    | 1.46M | -3.95%  |
| Housing Starts      | Mar    | 1.32M | -13.15% |
| New Home Sales      | Mar    | 693K  | +4.68%  |
| Pending Home Sales  | Feb    | 75.6  | +1.75%  |
| Existing Home Sales | Feb    | 3.97M | -0.75%  |
| Builder Confidence  | Mar    | 51    | +6.25%  |

### 30yr Fixed Mortgage Rate Indices



But unlike the last time home sales were this low, we're in the midst of a supply shortage as opposed to a glut.



That has allowed the housing market to be much more resilient in terms of home prices. In year-over-year terms, prices are already back in positive territory.



We can also consider that the charts above pertain to EXISTING home sales, where the inventory depends on homeowners wanting or needing to sell. With many of those homeowners still paying the 2-3% mortgage rates obtained 2020-21, the reluctance to give that up in favor of a 7-8% rate is no surprise.

That's why the charts look much better when they focus on new home sales, which are nowhere near their 2010 levels. In fact, they've been trending higher and are currently in line with pre-pandemic levels.



For those who want to take silver linings into potential "Kool Aid" territory, we could start to look at things like the balance of recent Fed comments which suggest the Fed is done hiking rates unless inflation flares up in an unexpected way. Just this week, that sentiment helped turn the tide after this week's strong Retail Sales sent Fed rate expectations quickly higher on Tuesday. By the end of the week, the market saw next year's Fed Funds Rate about a quarter of a point lower.



That has some market participants declaring that the big shift in rates has arrived.



Ceiling sentiment gained some momentum after several supportive bounces in 10yr Treasury yields on Thursday and Friday just under 5%. Many investors have been saying 5% is an important psychological level and an attractive entry point for bond buyers (buying pushes yields lower). If investors are putting their money where their mouths are, it would line up with these sorts of bounces.



The proverbial "warm bowl of porridge" is somewhere between the gloom and the hope. It usually is. It's also impossible to perfectly define in terms of scope and timing. There are scenarios that could indeed result in rates moving gradually lower from here. Or the big shift might not happen for months. Some say it is overdue already. Others say "wait for 2025!"

There are ways to make cases for both outcomes, but the actual outcome will be driven by economic data. The good news there is that the Fed expects a certain measure of resilience in the data. They won't freak out if unemployment remains under 4% or GDP rises above 4%. As long as inflation continues to moderate and the economy doesn't accelerate at an unsustainable level, they're pretty sure they're done hiking rates.

That doesn't mean the Fed is done with "restrictive" policies, just that the restriction will now come in the form of a ticking clock. In other words, the question is less about additional rate hikes and more about how long we spend at current rates. Markets tend to push consumer rates lower before the Fed officially cuts, but there again, the market would only do that if it saw data that was likely to lead the Fed to similar conclusions.

After an active slate of Fed speakers over the past 2 weeks, we now enter the scheduled blackout period which precedes every Fed rate announcement. The next announcement is on November 1st. The Fed is not expected to hike, but markets will be attuned to any verbiage changes in the statement.

In the meantime, the upcoming week of data is not as critical as the following week will be. We're especially focused on the jobs report due out on Friday, November 3rd. If it reiterates the uncanny strength of the previous report, Team Gloom will score some points. But if it paints a much more moderate picture, the Kool Aid will be looking safer and safer to drink.

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**Recent Economic Data**

| Date            | Event | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|-----------------|-------|--------|----------|-------|
| Tuesday, Oct 17 |       |        |          |       |

**Event Importance:**

No Stars = Insignificant  
 ☆ Low

| Date                     | Event                             | Actual | Forecast | Prior  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|
| 8:30AM                   | Sep Retail Sales (%)              | 0.7%   | 0.3%     | 0.6%   |
| 9:15AM                   | Sep Industrial Production (%)     | 0.3%   | 0%       | 0.4%   |
| 10:00AM                  | Oct NAHB housing market indx      | 40     | 44       | 45     |
| <b>Wednesday, Oct 18</b> |                                   |        |          |        |
| 7:00AM                   | Oct/13 MBA Purchase Index         | 129.8  |          | 137.5  |
| 7:00AM                   | Oct/13 MBA Refi Index             | 347.6  |          | 385.8  |
| 8:30AM                   | Sep Housing starts number mm (ml) | 1.358M | 1.38M    | 1.283M |
| 8:30AM                   | Sep Building permits: number (ml) | 1.473M | 1.45M    | 1.541M |
| <b>Thursday, Oct 19</b>  |                                   |        |          |        |
| 8:30AM                   | Oct Philly Fed Business Index     | -9     | -6.4     | -13.5  |
| 8:30AM                   | Oct/14 Jobless Claims (k)         | 198K   | 212K     | 209K   |
| 8:30AM                   | Oct/07 Continued Claims (ml)      | 1734K  | 1710K    | 1702K  |
| 10:00AM                  | Sep Existing home sales (ml)      | 3.96M  | 3.89M    | 4.04M  |
| 12:00PM                  | Fed Chair Powell Speech           |        |          |        |
| <b>Tuesday, Oct 24</b>   |                                   |        |          |        |
| 9:45AM                   | Oct S&P Global Services PMI       | 50.9   | 49.8     | 50.1   |
| <b>Wednesday, Oct 25</b> |                                   |        |          |        |
| 10:00AM                  | Sep New Home Sales (ml)           | 0.759M | 0.68M    | 0.675M |
| <b>Thursday, Oct 26</b>  |                                   |        |          |        |
| 8:30AM                   | Sep Wholesale inventories mm (%)  | 0%     |          | -0.1%  |
| 8:30AM                   | Sep Durable goods (%)             | 4.7%   | 1.7%     | 0.2%   |
| 8:30AM                   | Q3 GDP (%)                        | 4.9%   | 4.3%     | 2.1%   |
| 8:30AM                   | Oct/21 Jobless Claims (k)         | 210K   | 208K     | 198K   |
| 10:00AM                  | Sep Pending Home Sales (%)        | 1.1%   | -1.8%    | -7.1%  |
| <b>Friday, Oct 27</b>    |                                   |        |          |        |
| 8:30AM                   | Sep Core PCE (m/m) (%)            | 0.3%   | 0.3%     | 0.1%   |
| 8:30AM                   | Sep Core PCE Inflation (y/y) (%)  | 3.7%   | 3.7%     | 3.9%   |
| 10:00AM                  | Oct Consumer Sentiment (ip)       | 63.8   | 63       | 68.1   |

- ★ Moderate
- ★★ Important
- ★★★ Very Important

## Update: Buyer Broker Agreement

After requests from real estate companies, a nonprofit consumer watchdog group the Consumer Federation of America has developed a list of factors to consider when creating a buyer contract in preparation for upcoming practice changes in the industry.

CFA released its "Proposed Criteria for Evaluating Home Buyer Contract Forms" on Tuesday. The 15 criteria focus on the contracts' form – whether the documents are readable and understandable – and content – whether they are fair to homebuyers.

- the document's expiration date (CFA recommends buyers asks for a three-month contract and never sign one longer than six months)
- the right to terminate the contract
- the disclosure that compensation is negotiable
- the broker's compensation clearly stated and that the buyer broker can't receive additional compensation for facilitating a sale
- that any additional fees, such as for showing a home, will be deducted from the broker's commission if there is a successful sale
- that the commission is due only if there is a successful closing
- that buyers have an obligation – for no longer than 60 days, CFA recommends – to pay a broker who earlier showed them a home they purchased after the contract ended
- seller concessions paid directly to buyers
- dual agency not pre-approved by the contract
- an explanation of how a broker treats different buyer clients interested in the same property
- that buyers should not be required to first go through mediation or arbitration if they have a complaint

Contact me for more information. 702-303-0243 or [TPayne@loandepot.com](mailto:TPayne@loandepot.com)

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