



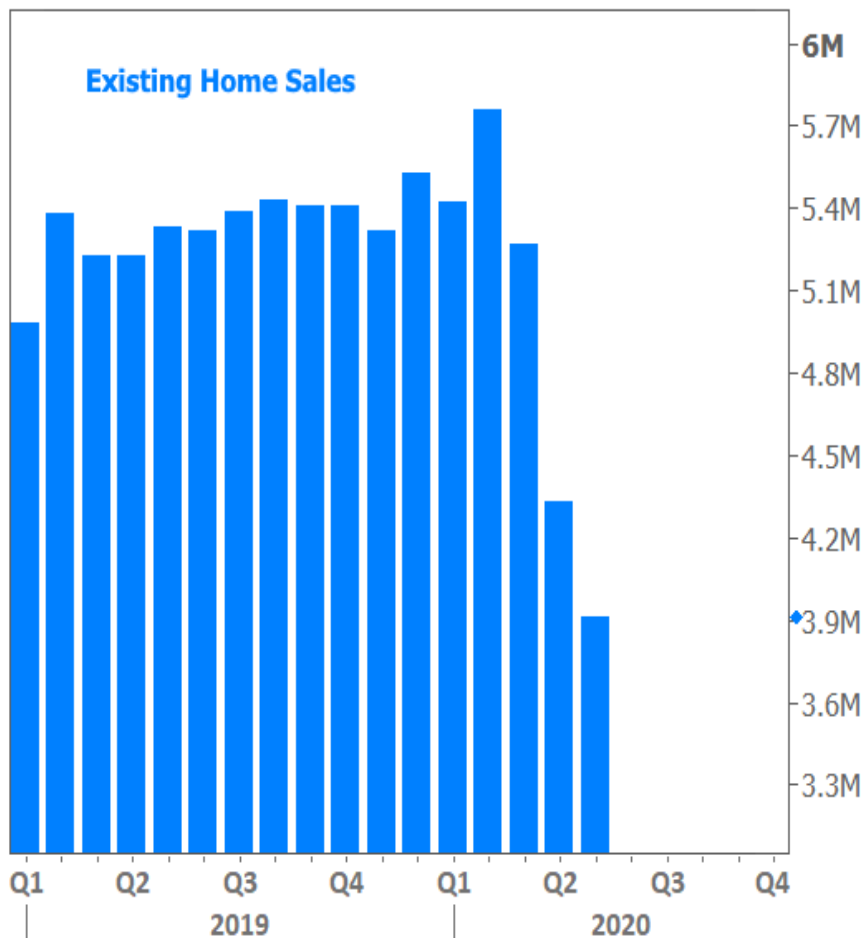
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Rates Are Headed Higher... Eventually

The fates of the economy, the housing market, and interest rates remain closely intertwined with coronavirus. The pandemic is clearly responsible for the record-setting drop in economic activity (including the housing market).



And it has clearly been the key source of motivation for both stocks and interest rates (which we can follow most objectively via 10yr Treasury yields). A shorter-term chart shows how closely they've been following one another as they digest coronavirus updates.

National Average Mortgage Rates



| | Rate | Change | Points |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| Mortgage News Daily | | | |
| 30 Yr. Fixed | 7.06% | +0.03 | 0.00 |
| 15 Yr. Fixed | 6.47% | +0.03 | 0.00 |
| 30 Yr. FHA | 6.51% | +0.03 | 0.00 |
| 30 Yr. Jumbo | 7.27% | +0.02 | 0.00 |
| 5/1 ARM | 7.04% | +0.02 | 0.00 |

Freddie Mac

| | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|------|
| 30 Yr. Fixed | 6.87% | -0.57 | 0.00 |
| 15 Yr. Fixed | 6.13% | -0.63 | 0.00 |

Rates as of: 6/26

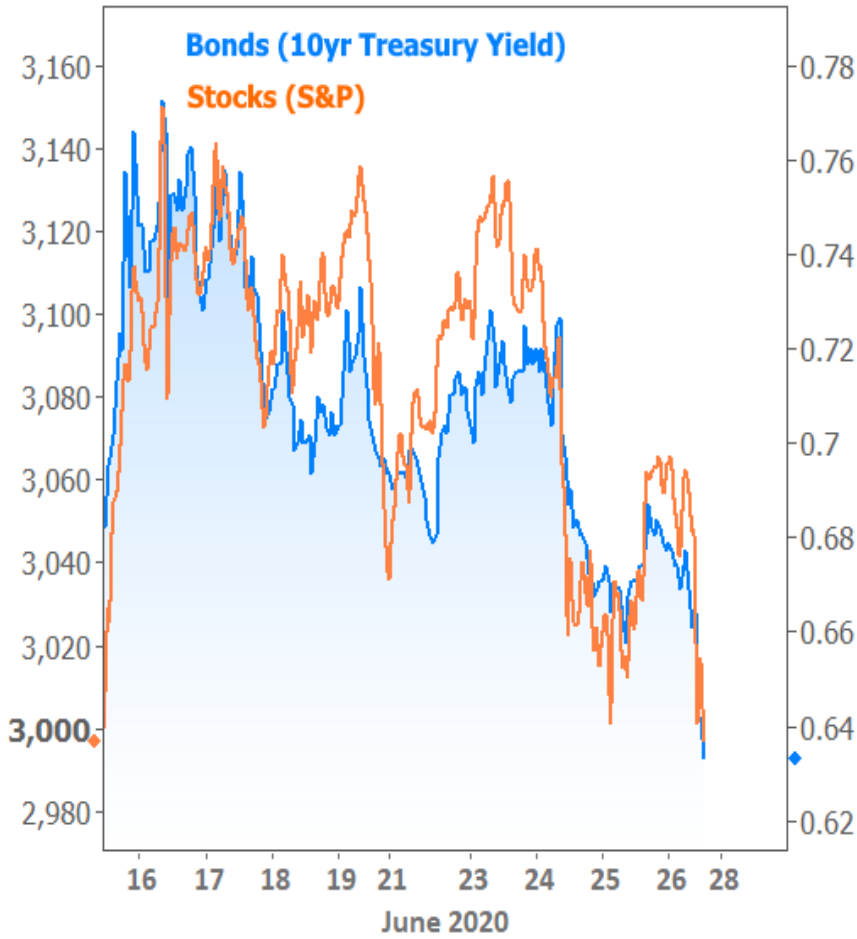
Market Data

| | Price / Yield | Change |
|----------------|---------------|---------|
| MBS UMBS 5.5 | 98.85 | -0.22 |
| MBS GNMA 5.5 | 99.38 | -0.14 |
| 10 YR Treasury | 4.3162 | +0.0676 |
| 30 YR Treasury | 4.4466 | +0.0665 |

Pricing as of: 6/26 3:26PM EST

Recent Housing Data

| | Value | Change |
|---------------------|--------------|---------|
| Mortgage Apps | Jun 12 208.5 | +15.58% |
| Building Permits | Mar 1.46M | -3.95% |
| Housing Starts | Mar 1.32M | -13.15% |
| New Home Sales | Mar 693K | +4.68% |
| Pending Home Sales | Feb 75.6 | +1.75% |
| Existing Home Sales | Feb 3.97M | -0.75% |
| Builder Confidence | Mar 51 | +6.25% |

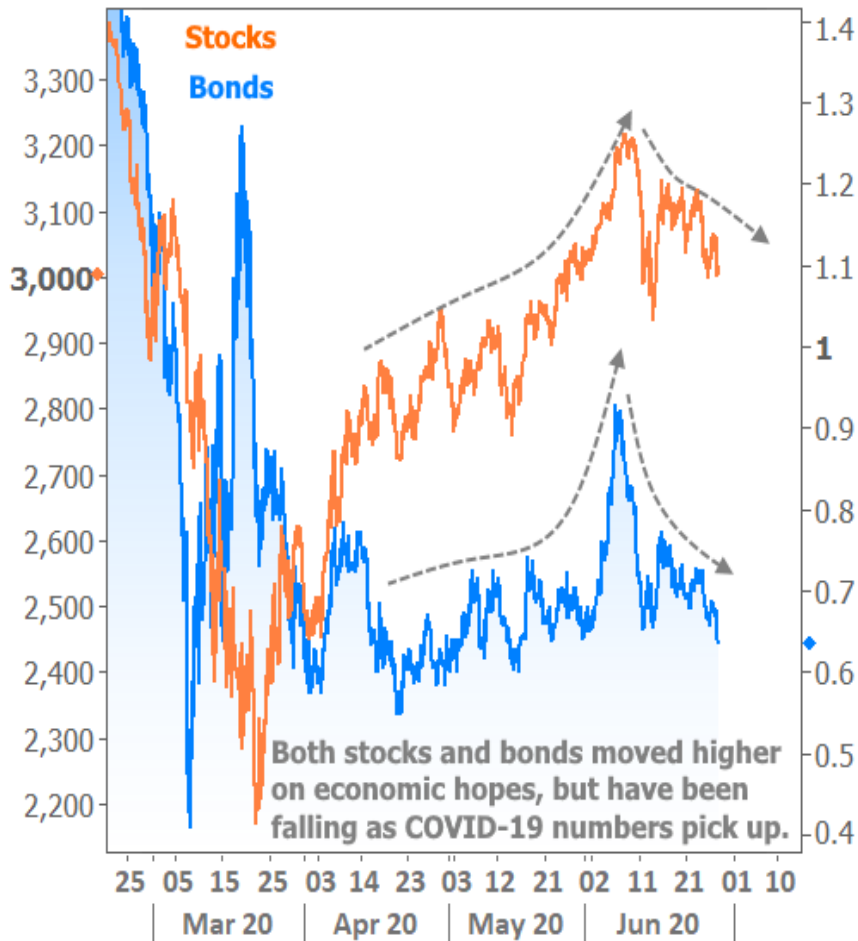


As the initial panic of March and early April subsided, and people began returning to work, it was perfectly reasonable to expect markets and the economy to begin **bouncing back** (i.e. higher stocks and bond yields).

That is arguably what happened in April and May. We've even seen several areas of the economy experience their first corrective bounce, such as New Home Sales (**note:** this chart of New Home Sales looks nothing like the Existing Home Sales chart above because it constitutes a smaller portion of the market, and pertains exclusively to new construction).



But now the market is having **second thoughts** due to accelerating case counts (and hospitalizations) in several states. Stocks and bond yields have been trending lower since topping out in early June.

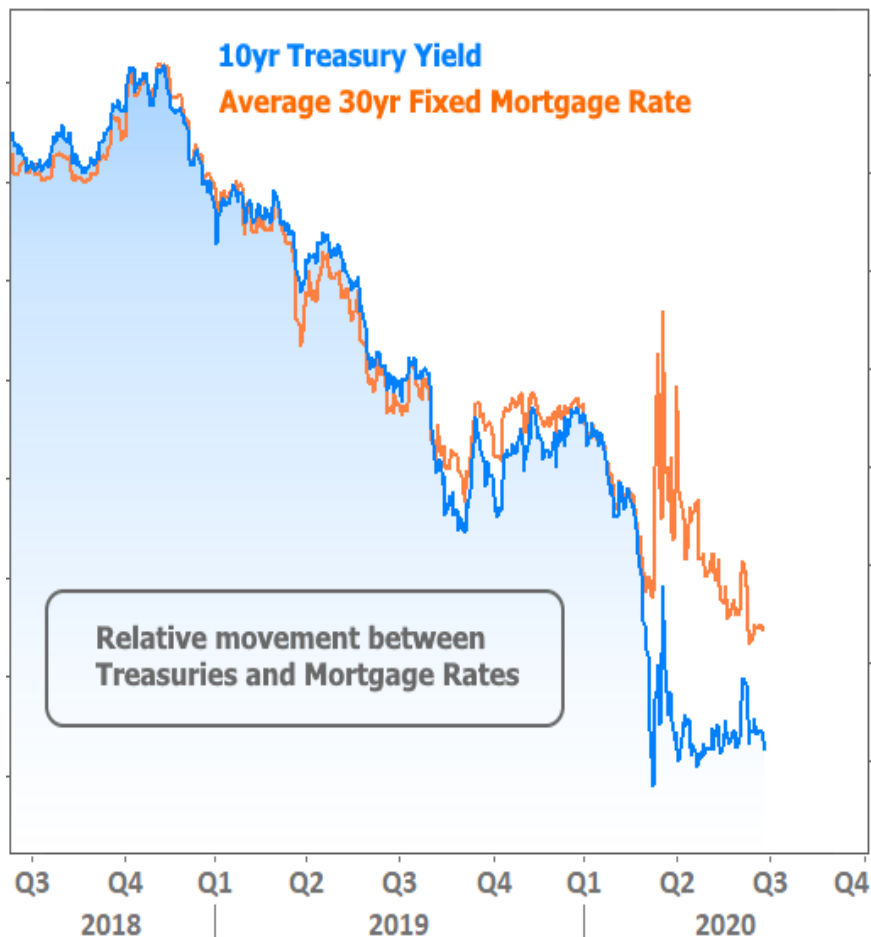


The fate of this market correction will be decided by the course of the pandemic--especially the resurgence of cases in the U.S. If more people can return to work without hospitals being overwhelmed, the less resistance there will be for interest rates and stocks to move **higher**. In fact, it's safe to say that **WILL** happen. The question is "**when?**"

There are **other** questions too. Which parts of the market and the economy will bounce back sooner and better? After all, we've already seen a pronounced difference between mortgage rates and the Treasury yields that typically follow the same trajectory.

A US Treasury Note is a debt instrument just like a mortgage. The 10yr US Treasury yield is a rate of return just like a mortgage rate. Historically, the average 30yr fixed mortgage lasts less than 10 years before the home is sold or the mortgage is refinanced. As such, 10yr Treasury yields should behave similarly to mortgage rates over time as both offer investors a fixed rate of return over a certain period of time.

But mortgage rates can deviate **tremendously** from Treasury yields on limited occasions. The onset of the pandemic was just such an occasion. At the time, mortgage rates weren't even remotely capable of keeping up with Treasuries. The unforeseen benefit is that mortgage rates have been able to move **lower** even as Treasury yields suggested the opposite.

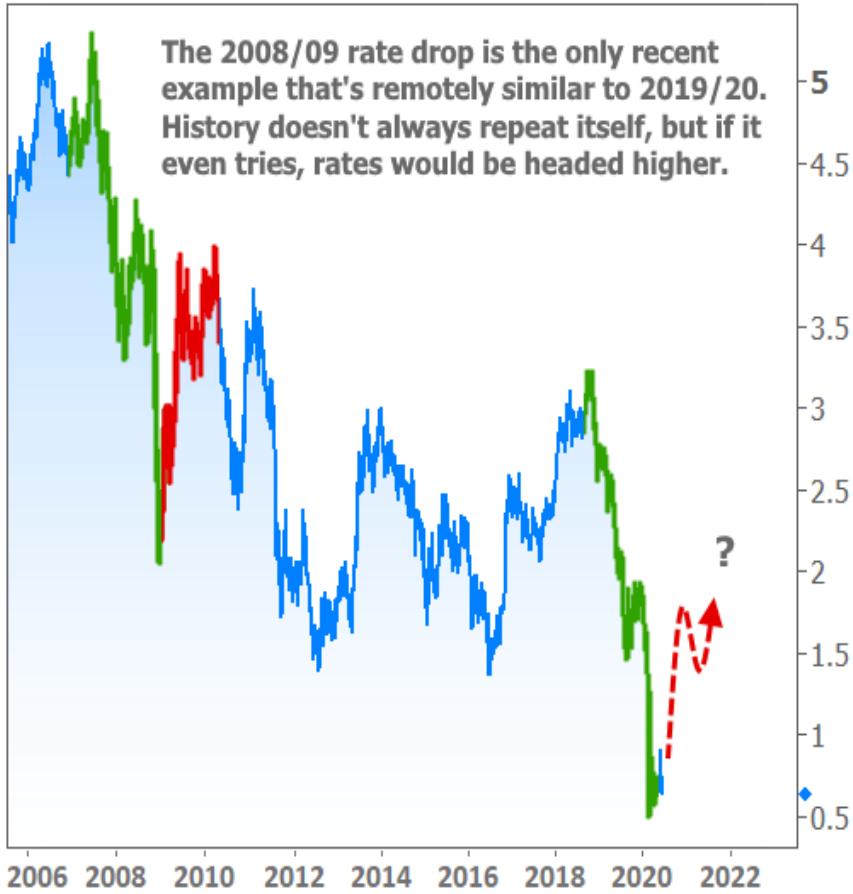


The gap between the two was **much wider** in April and May. As the normal relationship slowly returns, mortgage rates will be less capable of defying marching orders from the broader bond market.

In other words, if the market finds a reason for stocks and bond yields to move **higher**, mortgage rates are increasingly likely to **follow**.

So will the market find that reason? Again, we already know **THAT** it will. We just don't know **WHEN** it will. That answer depends entirely on coronavirus. What we **DO** know is that the bond market's movement is similar to that seen during the financial crisis--something we didn't expect to see again so quickly.

That **past example suggests some caution**. In early 2009, the economy hadn't even bottomed out yet. Few were expecting to see rates move higher in any sort of threatening way, but that's exactly what they did. This speaks to a certain market psychology that spontaneously finds a limit to how much lower rates can go and for how long.



The chart above contains 10yr Treasury yields. Mortgage rates wouldn't move higher nearly as fast in this unpleasant scenario, but they would still move higher. To be clear, this is not a prediction. **It is a fact.** Rates **will** move higher. We just don't know when. The point is to be ready to react when that happens. What does readiness look like for you?

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Recent Economic Data

| Date | Event | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|
| Monday, Jun 22 | | | | |
| 10:00AM | May Exist. home sales % chg (%) | -9.7 | -3.0 | -17.8 |
| 10:00AM | May Existing home sales (ml) | 3.91 | 4.12 | 4.33 |
| Tuesday, Jun 23 | | | | |
| 9:45AM | Jun PMI-Composite (source:Markit) | 46.8 | | 37.0 |
| 10:00AM | May New home sales-units mm (ml) | 0.676 | 0.640 | 0.623 |
| 10:00AM | May New home sales chg mm (%) | 16.6 | 2.9 | 0.6 |
| Wednesday, Jun 24 | | | | |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Purchase Index | 312.7 | | 322.5 |
| 7:00AM | w/e Mortgage Refinance Index | 3434.6 | | 3891.5 |
| 9:00AM | Apr Monthly Home Price yy (%) | 5.5 | | 5.9 |

Event Importance:

- No Stars = Insignificant
- ☆ Low
- ★ Moderate
- ★★ Important
- ★★★ Very Important

| Date | Event | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|
| Thursday, Jun 25 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Q1 GDP Final (%) | -5.0 | -5.0 | -5.0 |
| 8:30AM | May Durable goods (%) | 15.8 | 10.9 | -17.7 |
| 8:30AM | w/e Jobless Claims (k) | 1480 | 1300 | 1540 |
| 8:30AM | w/e Continued jobless claims (ml) | 19.522 | 19.968 | 20.544 |
| Friday, Jun 26 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | May Core PCE Inflation (y/y) (%) | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| 10:00AM | Jun Consumer Sentiment (ip) | 78.1 | 79.0 | 78.9 |
| Monday, Jun 29 | | | | |
| 10:00AM | May Pending Sales Index | 99.6 | | 69.0 |
| 10:00AM | May Pending Home Sales (%) | +44.3 | 18.9 | -21.8 |
| Tuesday, Jun 30 | | | | |
| 9:00AM | Apr CaseShiller 20 yy (%) | +4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| 9:45AM | Jun Chicago PMI | 36.6 | 45.0 | 32.3 |
| 10:00AM | Jun Consumer confidence | 98.1 | 91.8 | 86.6 |
| Wednesday, Jul 01 | | | | |
| 7:00AM | w/e Mortgage Refinance Index | 3359.2 | | 3434.6 |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Purchase Index | 308.7 | | 312.7 |
| 8:15AM | Jun ADP National Employment (k) | 2369 | 3000 | -2760 |
| 10:00AM | Jun ISM Manufacturing PMI | 52.6 | 49.5 | 43.1 |
| 10:00AM | May Construction spending (%) | -2.1 | 1.0 | -2.9 |
| Thursday, Jul 02 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Jun Non-farm payrolls (k) | 4800 | 3000 | 2509 |
| 8:30AM | Jun Unemployment rate mm (%) | 11.1 | 12.3 | 13.3 |
| 10:00AM | May Factory orders mm (%) | 8.0 | 8.9 | -13.0 |

Real estate is changing – 3 things you need to focus on today

1. Understand the change

Educating yourself is the first key to embracing these changes. Lean into your broker and your local MLS to ensure you are aware of updates to policies and forms. Attend training sessions and focus groups until you can confidently explain what changes are happening in your market and why those changes are beneficial to consumers.

2. Master your craft

Let's pause talking about buyer agency for a moment and reflect on the process used to secure a new listing. How do you prepare for an appointment with a seller? You work to understand the sellers' needs and desires. You create rapport. You provide a presentation that explains how your experience, knowledge and resources can help that seller achieve their goals. You explain compensation. You answer questions. You close for the business, and you manage objections.

3. Lead through the change

Our industry is getting a lot of attention on a national level. Today's consumer, along with many agents and brokers, is likely confused and misinformed. One of the most important jobs we hold as real estate and mortgage professionals is educating the public when it comes to what is happening in our local markets and the industry.

Contact me for more information. 702-303-0243 or TPayne@loandepot.com

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Tom Payne

