



## Mike Baker

Head Interest Rate Shopper, The Rate Shop  
 Individual NMLS: 259076 Company NMLS: 2554765 State  
 23211 W 45th St Shawnee, KS 66226

Office: 913-213-3335  
 Mobile: 913-213-3335  
[mike@rateshopkc.com](mailto:mike@rateshopkc.com)  
[View My Website](#)

## The Fed Did NOT Cut Mortgage Rates, But Trump Tried!

On the morning after this week's Fed rate cut, mortgage rates were roughly unchanged versus the previous morning. This will come as a **surprise** to scores of consumers who mistakenly believe the Fed's 0.25% rate cut equates to a 0.25% drop in ALL rates.

The Fed **only** sets its **own** "Fed Funds Rate" which governs overnight lending between big banks. The only direct effect on the mortgage market would be a 0.25% drop in many Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs), which are based on the Fed's rate. The vast majority of mortgages, however, are determined by **other** parts of the financial market.

In fact, mortgages actually "turn into" securities that are traded in financial markets as a part of the process that makes them safer and easier for investors to buy (securitization). Those securities trade just like other securities, for the most part (e.g. stocks, bonds, etc.), and it's the price movement of **those** securities that most directly dictates mortgage rates. **Shockingly** enough, these are known as Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS).

**Unlike** the Fed Funds Rate, which can only change once every 6 weeks, longer-term rate-bearing securities (like MBS and US Treasuries) can change **every minute** of every business day. They've been doing just that for months as market anticipation for the Fed rate cut has increased. Simply put, the Fed rate cut has long since had its impact on mortgage rates. After all, if a security can move in real time, and if the market was 100% sure the Fed was going to cut at least 0.25%, traders would have been foolish NOT to get in position.

This isn't a unique occurrence. Rates ALWAYS get in position for Fed rate cuts/hikes like this week's because the Fed is sure to telegraph its intention when it's making the first big change in a long time (this was the first rate cut since 2008!). In late 2015, when the Fed hiked rates for the first time since 2006, it was the same story, but in the opposite direction.

## National Average Mortgage Rates



	Rate	Change	Points
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### Mortgage News Daily

30 Yr. Fixed	7.07%	+0.02	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	6.45%	0.00	0.00
30 Yr. FHA	6.51%	+0.02	0.00
30 Yr. Jumbo	7.26%	0.00	0.00
5/1 ARM	7.02%	-0.01	0.00

### Freddie Mac

30 Yr. Fixed	6.86%	-0.01	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	6.16%	+0.03	0.00

Rates as of: 6/28

## Market Data

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 5.5	98.49	-0.45
MBS GNMA 5.5	99.10	-0.44
10 YR Treasury	4.3936	-0.0044
30 YR Treasury	4.5626	-0.0014

Pricing as of: 7/1 2:50AM EST

## Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Jun 12	208.5	+15.58%
Building Permits	Mar	1.46M	-3.95%
Housing Starts	Mar	1.32M	-13.15%
New Home Sales	Mar	693K	+4.68%
Pending Home Sales	Feb	75.6	+1.75%
Existing Home Sales	Feb	3.97M	-0.75%
Builder Confidence	Mar	51	+6.25%

Rates Move Before Fed



To emphasize the point in even simpler terms, consider that stocks **LOST** ground after the Fed announcement, even though Fed rate cuts are considered to be a good thing for stocks. Like mortgage rates, stocks already had plenty of time to **PRICE-IN** the Fed's move. That left Wednesday for them to react to other information from the Fed. Specifically, they were a bit disappointed that Powell didn't do more to offer assurances about additional cuts. That's why we saw the lion's share of market movement after Powell's press conference at 2:30pm ET as opposed to the rate announcement at 2pm ET.

S&P Futures



# US Housing Market Weekly

That means, all other things being equal, if the Fed were to say "we're done cutting for now and will keep rates at these levels for the next 6 months," you'd see an **immediate and rather large** move **higher** in rates. In other words, markets were already counting on another 1-2 Fed rate cuts simply to sustain the low rates that are **already** here. By the end of the week, however, speculators were betting on another 2-3 cuts! What's up with that?

### 3 words: Trump Tariff Tweets.

As we've seen on numerous occasions in 2019, when Trump unexpectedly announces new tariffs on China (or Mexico) via Twitter, markets react in a major way. Timing was a factor this week as the tweets followed a Manufacturing report that was gloomy enough **without** another batch of tariffs to worry about. Trading positions are also more susceptible to surprises on the day after a Fed day. Regardless, every escalation of trade war rhetoric increases the odds that the Fed will need to cut rates deeper to promote continued economic expansion.

10yr Treasury Yield



If that looks like a fairly significant drop in rates, **it is!** The following chart does a better job conveying the size. Each "candlestick" represents a week of trading in 10yr Treasury yields (the benchmark for longer-term rates, such as mortgages). Orange candlesticks mean rates moved higher; blue = lower. For the record, **you'd have to go back to 2012** to see a week where rates fell farther!

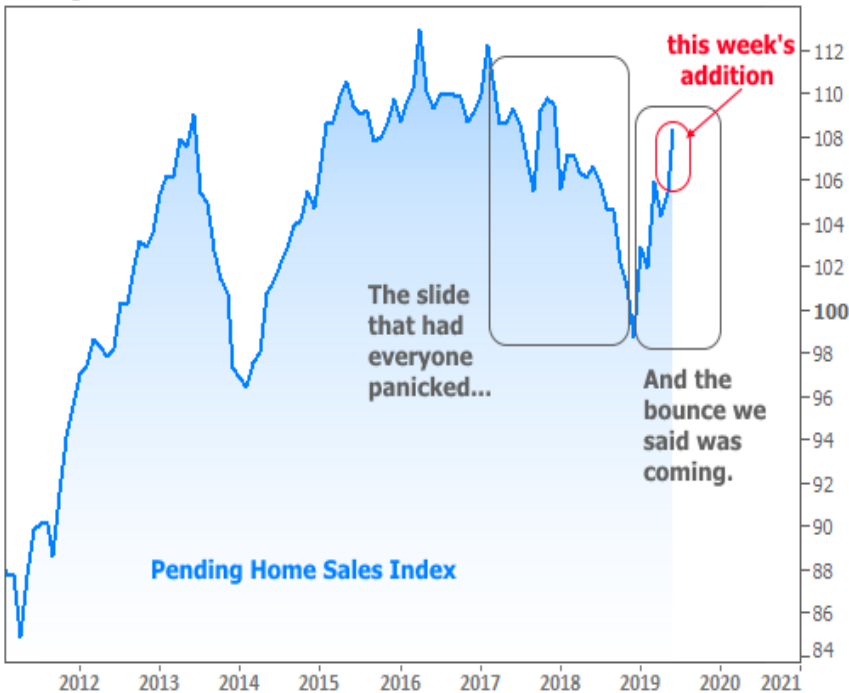
# US Housing Market Weekly

10yr Treasury Yield



Low rates don't singlehandedly prop up the housing market, but they definitely help. That was part of the rationale in last week's newsletter which pushed back on recent news headlines calling the **health of the housing market** into question (revisit it [HERE](#) if you like). Now this week, we have the most recent Pending Home Sales report, which is an advance indicator of Existing Home Sales--by far the biggest component of the housing market. I'll let the chart do most of the talking. Let's just say, if you're a regular reader of my newsletters, this is exactly how this summer was supposed to go.

Pending Home Sales



Subscribe to my newsletter online at: <http://housingnewsletters.com/rateshopkc>

## Real Talk

At The Rate Shop, we're not your average mortgage banker. We specialize in bringing you ridiculously low interest rates that will make you wonder what the other guys are doing. In fact the ONLY objection we ever hear is "your rates sound too good to be true". Well they're not, and here is why...

After 15 years in the retail banking world I was frustrated with the high interest rates that came from that business model. As I looked around at all the bloated layers of management and their expensive salaries and the overhead of running a larger company (think rent costs, employee health and benefit costs, payroll taxes, and on and on) it dawned on me that I was a part of the problem, and the solution, for me at least, was so easy to see.

Start my own mortgage brokerage shop. No expensive executive salaries, no expensive building to pay rent at, no unnecessary employees and all the costs that are associated with that. What happens when you cut out all the fat? You can provide lower rates and lower closing costs. It's simple. Now here is the best part, you still get great service from a local Kansas City Lender. My mission is to let everyone know that low rates and great customer service are NOT mutually exclusive.

Thanks for coming along on this journey where Low Rates meet Great Service. The two do NOT have to be mutually exclusive. It's just a lie that the big box mortgage companies have been telling you for years. Don't believe me? Give me a call or shoot me a text on my personal cell phone today and compare my rates and costs up against any other lender in the country, and be prepared to be blown away.

**Mike Baker**

