



Mike Baker

Head Interest Rate Shopper, The Rate Shop
 Individual NMLS: 259076 Company NMLS: 2554765 State
 23211 W 45th St Shawnee, KS 66226

Office: 913-213-3335
 Mobile: 913-213-3335
mike@rateshopkc.com
[View My Website](#)

More Mortgage Drama--Especially For Investment and 2nd Home Loans

Most of this week's mortgage rate coverage focused on a fairly gentle increase of 3.05 to 3.09 for the average 30yr fixed. That number comes from Freddie Mac's weekly rate survey, which is one of the only games in town when it comes to capturing a broad, best case scenario.

Over time, reporters have found it easy to simply cover mortgage rates once a week when Freddie's report comes out rather than gopher multiple rate quotes from multiple lenders every day. That model has worked well for just about everyone just about every week, but there are times where it **breaks down woefully**. This is one of those times.

At issue is the inherent lag in Freddie's methodology. Surveys are sent out Monday and are accepted through Wednesday. But most of those who are going to respond end up doing so right when they get the survey. That means the rate index that is published on a Thursday is mostly a reflection of Monday vs the previous Monday. As such, it can be **wildly inaccurate** when the rest of the week is volatile.

Beyond that, Freddie's survey rate also tends to move **more slowly** than actual rates for reasons that remain a mystery. For example, this week's report suggests rates were only 0.29% higher compared Feb 12, 2021 (the most recent plateau). But an analysis of **actual** lender rate offerings puts that gap at 0.54%, which is a significant difference in the mortgage world. The chart below tells the story.

National Average Mortgage Rates



| | Rate | Change | Points |
|--|------|--------|--------|
|--|------|--------|--------|

Mortgage News Daily

| | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|------|
| 30 Yr. Fixed | 7.07% | +0.02 | 0.00 |
| 15 Yr. Fixed | 6.45% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 30 Yr. FHA | 6.51% | +0.02 | 0.00 |
| 30 Yr. Jumbo | 7.26% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 5/1 ARM | 7.02% | -0.01 | 0.00 |

Freddie Mac

| | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|------|
| 30 Yr. Fixed | 6.86% | -0.01 | 0.00 |
| 15 Yr. Fixed | 6.16% | +0.03 | 0.00 |

Rates as of: 6/28

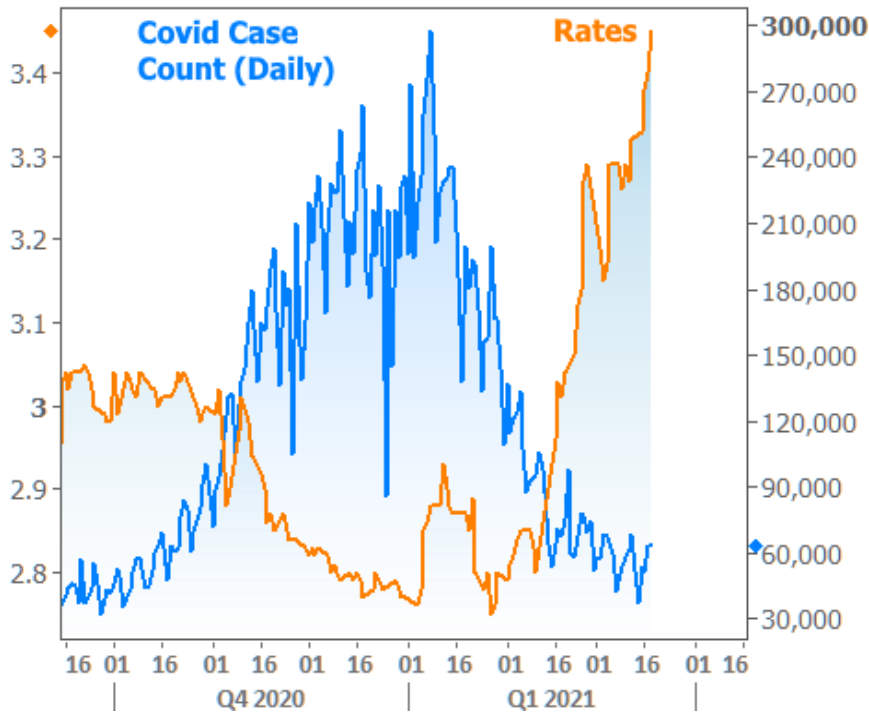
Market Data

| | Price / Yield | Change |
|----------------|---------------|---------|
| MBS UMBS 5.5 | 98.49 | -0.45 |
| MBS GNMA 5.5 | 99.10 | -0.44 |
| 10 YR Treasury | 4.3931 | -0.0049 |
| 30 YR Treasury | 4.5597 | -0.0043 |

Pricing as of: 6/30 10:43PM EST

Recent Housing Data

| | | Value | Change |
|---------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| Mortgage Apps | Jun 12 | 208.5 | +15.58% |
| Building Permits | Mar | 1.46M | -3.95% |
| Housing Starts | Mar | 1.32M | -13.15% |
| New Home Sales | Mar | 693K | +4.68% |
| Pending Home Sales | Feb | 75.6 | +1.75% |
| Existing Home Sales | Feb | 3.97M | -0.75% |
| Builder Confidence | Mar | 51 | +6.25% |



All of the above is bad enough for the average mortgage borrower (relatively speaking, of course... rates are still exceptionally low historically), but some borrowers have it **even worse**. While they don't constitute a huge percentage of total loan volume, non-owner occupied and 2nd home loans continue experiencing huge drama.

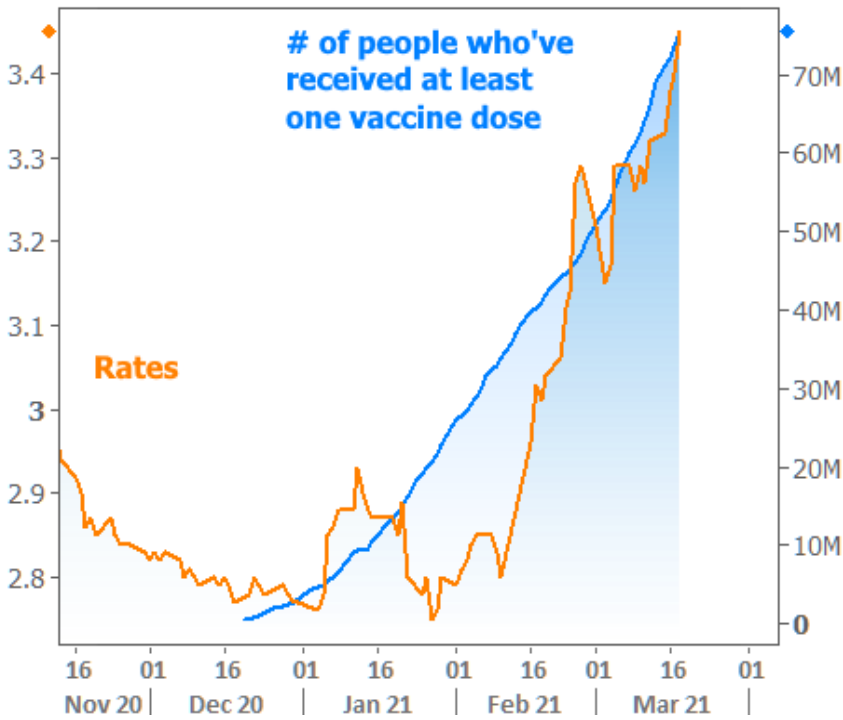
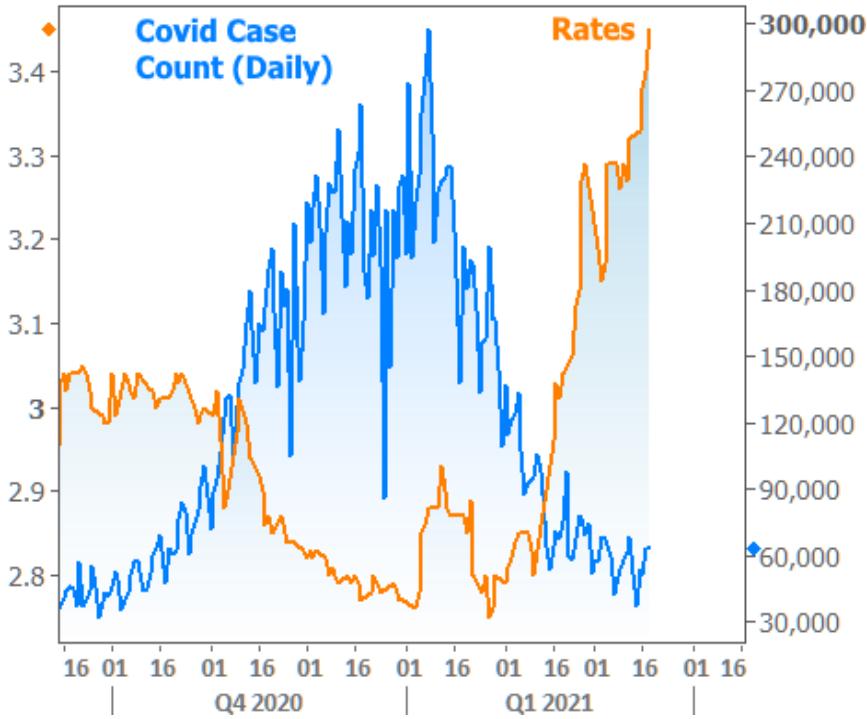
This is an extension of the news discussed in [last week's newsletter](#). In short, a regulatory change has forced Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac to instruct lenders to limit the amount of non-owner/2nd home loans they originate to a certain percentage of their total business. Lenders who were already over the limit had to act **quickly and decisively** to stem the flow of those loans. The fastest and easiest way to do that is to make rates so high (just for those loan types) that no rational borrower would accept them.

That's exactly what started to happen last week. To give an example of just how big these adjustments can be, some lenders are charging more than 7 points for certain investment property scenarios (that's more than **\$20k on a \$300k loan**).

Granted, that is one of the **worst** examples, but the problem is that it is **no longer** an isolated example. In other words, only the hardest-hit lenders had implemented this strategy last week whereas a **majority** are affected this week. This trend will likely continue as lenders with no additional cost adjustments expect to see an increase in those loans (due to their suddenly more competitive rates).

Bigger picture...

Since we're talking about all manner of rising rates, it's worth taking a moment to refresh ourselves on **why** this is happening and ask whether we'll see some relief any time soon. It's actually very simple. Covid is on the run. There's a lot that goes hand and hand with that, but if we could only cite one reason for the extremely low rates in 2020 and the abrupt spike in 2021, it's the shift of momentum in the pandemic.



Will we see some relief? Yes, it's just a matter of how much higher rates need to go in order for that to happen. This is already one of the biggest rising rate episodes on record, but the counterpoint is that 2020 was a completely unprecedented falling rate episode.

As rates have risen, a great many experts, amateur market watchers and everyone in between has offered an opinion on why things wouldn't get any worse. Yet **every likely ceiling has been broken**. The latest is marked by 1.75% in terms of 10yr Treasury yields. This was a target for a good portion of the trading community a few weeks ago, and we bounced there this week.

None of the above should be taken as an endorsement of 1.75% as a ceiling, however. The only point is to suggest a key level to watch in the week ahead. Things can still go either way.



Subscribe to my newsletter online at: <http://housingnewsletters.com/rateshopkc>

Recent Economic Data

| Date | Event | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|
| Monday, Mar 15 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Mar NY Fed Manufacturing | 17.4 | 14.50 | 12.10 |
| Tuesday, Mar 16 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Feb Export prices mm (%) | 1.6 | 0.9 | 2.5 |
| 8:30AM | Feb Retail Sales (%) | -3.0 | -0.5 | 5.3 |
| 8:30AM | Feb Import prices mm (%) | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| 9:15AM | Feb Industrial Production (%) | -2.2 | 0.3 | 0.9 |
| 10:00AM | Mar NAHB housing market indx | 82 | 83 | 84 |
| 10:00AM | Jan Business Inventories (%) | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| Wednesday, Mar 17 | | | | |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Purchase Index | 294.3 | | 289.0 |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Refi Index | 3504.9 | | 3658.8 |
| 8:30AM | Feb House starts mm: change (%) | -10.3 | | -6.0 |

Event Importance:

No Stars = Insignificant

☆ Low

★ Moderate

★★ Important

★★★ Very Important

| Date | Event | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|--------|
| 8:30AM | Feb Housing starts number mm (ml) | 1.421 | 1.560 | 1.580 |
| 8:30AM | Feb Building permits: number (ml) | 1.682 | 1.750 | 1.886 |
| 8:30AM | Feb Build permits: change mm (%) | -10.8 | | 10.7 |
| 2:00PM | N/A FOMC rate decision (%) | 0 - 0.25 | 0.125 | 0.125 |
| 2:30PM | Powell Press Conference | | | |
| Thursday, Mar 18 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Mar Philly Fed Business Index | 51.8 | 23.0 | 23.1 |
| 8:30AM | w/e Jobless Claims (k) | 770 | 730 | 712 |
| 10:00AM | Feb Leading index chg mm (%) | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Monday, Mar 22 | | | | |
| 10:00AM | Feb Existing home sales (ml) | 6.22 | 6.50 | 6.69 |
| 10:00AM | Feb Exist. home sales % chg (%) | -6.6 | -3.0 | 0.6 |
| Tuesday, Mar 23 | | | | |
| 10:00AM | Feb New Home Sales (%) (%) | -18.2 | -6.5 | 4.3 |
| 10:00AM | Feb New Home Sales (ml) | 0.775 | 0.875 | 0.923 |
| Wednesday, Mar 24 | | | | |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Purchase Index | 301.9 | | 294.3 |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Refi Index | 3325.3 | | 3504.9 |
| 8:30AM | Feb Durable goods (%) | -1.1 | 0.8 | 3.4 |
| 9:45AM | Mar PMI-Composite (source:Markit) | 59.1 | | 59.5 |
| 1:00PM | 5-Yr Note Auction (bl) | 61 | | |
| Thursday, Mar 25 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Q4 GDP Final (%) | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| 1:00PM | 7-Yr Note Auction (bl) | 62 | | |
| Friday, Mar 26 | | | | |
| 9:30AM | Feb Core PCE Inflation (y/y) (%) | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| 10:00AM | Mar Consumer Sentiment (ip) | 84.9 | 83.6 | 83.0 |
| Wednesday, Jul 21 | | | | |
| 1:00PM | 20yr Treasury Auction | | | |

Real Talk

At The Rate Shop, we're not your average mortgage banker. We specialize in bringing you ridiculously low interest rates that will make you wonder what the other guys are doing. In fact the ONLY objection we ever hear is "your rates sound too good to be true". Well they're not, and here is why...

After 15 years in the retail banking world I was frustrated with the high interest rates that came from that business model. As I looked around at all the bloated layers of management and their expensive salaries and the overhead of running a larger company (think rent costs, employee health and benefit costs, payroll taxes, and on and on) it dawned on me that I was a part of the problem, and the solution, for me at least, was so easy to see.

Start my own mortgage brokerage shop. No expensive executive salaries, no expensive building to pay rent at, no unnecessary employees and all the costs that are associated with that. What happens when you cut out all the fat? You can provide lower rates and lower closing costs. It's simple. Now here is the best part, you still get great service from a local Kansas City Lender. My mission is to let everyone know that low rates and great customer service are NOT mutually exclusive.

Thanks for coming along on this journey where Low Rates meet Great Service. The two do NOT have to be mutually exclusive. It's just a lie that the big box mortgage companies have been telling you for years. Don't believe me? Give me a call or shoot me a text on my personal cell phone today and compare my rates and costs up against any other lender in the country, and be prepared to be blown away.

Mike Baker

