

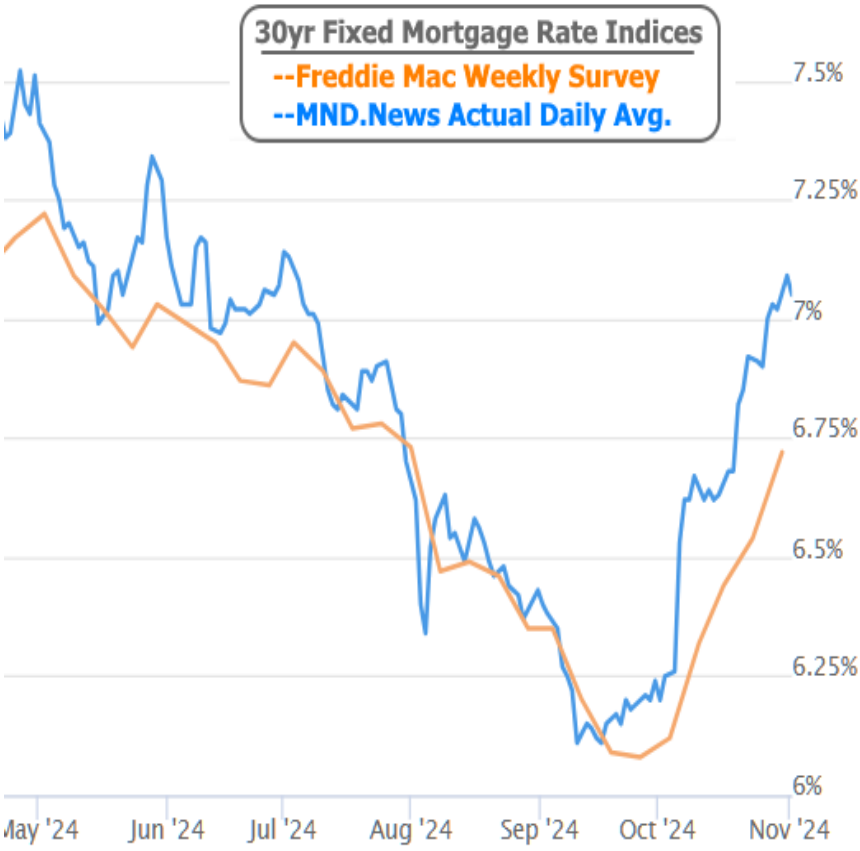
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Rates Refuse to Drop Ahead of Election. How About After?

This newsletter strictly avoids politics except in cases where the political realm legitimately intersects with relevant events for housing and rates. Now is clearly one of those times. The discussion that follows contains no opinion or partisan leaning.

Before getting started, let's catch up with mortgage rates. Things haven't been great and much of the media coverage focuses on Freddie Mac's stale weekly survey number. Actual daily averages are already much higher.



There is an objective correlation between various measures of the election outcome and recent rate movement. Correlation is not necessarily causality, but comments from several high profile investors have bolstered the case for a Trump victory resulting in higher rates. Notably, many of them qualify that by saying it's more about the opportunity for full republican control of

National Average Mortgage Rates



Mortgage News Daily	Rate	Change	Points
30YR Fixed	7.27%	0.00	0.00
15YR Fixed	6.92%	0.00	0.00
30YR FHA	6.91%	+0.01	0.00
30YR Jumbo	7.52%	-0.03	0.00
7/6 SOFR	6.70%	-0.08	0.00
30YR VA	6.92%	+0.01	0.00

Rates as of: 11/2

MBS and Treasury

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	99.86	+0.05
10 YR Treasury	4.9048	-0.0251
30 YR Treasury	5.2895	-0.0187

Pricing as of: 11/2 5:59PM EST

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Oct 21	195	+3.39%
Building Permits	Sep	1.4M	+0.43%
Housing Starts	Sep	1.22M	-4.24%
New Home Sales	Sep	676K	-1.17%
Pending Home Sales	Aug	71.2	0%
Existing Home Sales	Oct	3.99M	+0.25%
Builder Confidence	Oct	29	-9.38%

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Congress and The Oval Office.



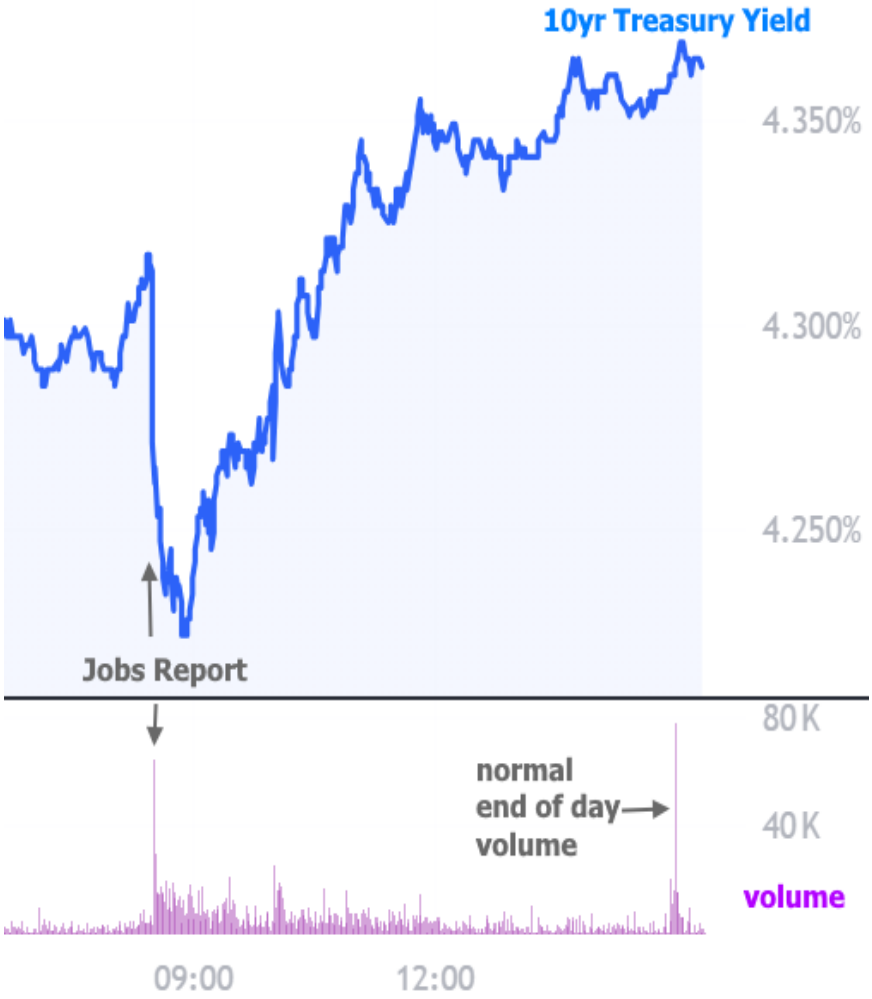
On one hand, there is certainly correlation here. On the other hand, it's far from perfect. Additionally, there are other key events in this time frame that definitely account for a good deal of movement in interest rates--possibly enough movement to think twice before assuming we can even know how rates would react to the election.

Friday November 1st (the publish date for this week's newsletter) provided the latest reason for doubt. Rates refused to drop after a weak jobs report--something they'd normally be happy to do. There was an initial, reflexive drop in rates, as seen in the 10yr Treasury yield chart below, but it was quickly erased. This was a relatively low volume move for a jobs report-further suggesting the market's mind is elsewhere.

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Wherever "somewhere else" is, it doesn't necessarily have perfect if/then rules. For instance, one could have easily assumed the lack of reaction to the jobs report was due to pre-election trading, but the problem is that Trump's victory odds were decreasing somewhat sharply at the same time that rates were rising--the exact opposite of the prevailing logic.

This doesn't prove or disprove anything about the broader trend in a conclusive way. It also doesn't mean the market wasn't thinking about the election. It may be as simple as the pre-election trading simply not being a simple if/then. So simple!

Here's what we can objectively know when it comes to the bond market's sentiment:

- The memory of the 2016-2018 rate spike is still relatively fresh in investors' minds, and that likely contributes to a bit of association between Trump and higher rates.
- Many investors view EITHER candidate as being bad for rates because both are expected to continue adding to Treasury issuance needs (the single most fundamental reason that rates would rise, and a key reason they've risen so much post-covid).
- Harris represents more of a status quo for most investors, and that status quo does nothing to organically push rates lower.
- Trump represents a greater chance of policy surprises, which can be either good or bad for rates. A popular refrain has been that tariffs would increase inflation and, thus, rates. But 2019's trade war with China is generally seen as putting downward pressure on economic activity and interest rates.
- Trump represents a greater chance of full control of the government by one party, something that is generally associated with upward pressure on rates because it lowers the barriers to a net revenue shortfall. The quintessential examples of this would be democrats spending more without raising taxes enough to cover the costs or republicans

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taxing less without lowering spending enough to offset the costs. Both are bad for rates, but polling/betting odds suggest a far greater chance of a red sweep vs a blue sweep.
- Last but not least, we can objectively know that traders aren't dumb enough to believe that every little campaign promise and speculation will be implemented as policy.

That last point is particularly important. It's not as if the market is assuming it knows exactly what will happen based on the election outcome. If anything, the recent rate rout could just as easily be seen as a combination of:

1. The tone of economic data in October (especially the last jobs report)
2. A general dissatisfaction with the fiscal outlook for both parties
3. A normal urge to "move to the sidelines" ahead of a major event.

One item in that list begs the question: if the last jobs report was such a big deal for rates, why didn't this week's installment help? After all, nonfarm payrolls came in at a paltry 12k versus a median forecast of 113k and a previous reading of 223k. In any other reality, that would have sent rates plummeting. Why not this time?

First off, as we warned last week, the market was planning on taking the payroll count with a grain of salt due to distortions caused by extreme weather and other temporary events. That left the unemployment rate as the most important line item this time around, and that was perfectly on target with forecasts. Additionally, wages and hours worked were both higher than expected (not a huge market mover, but not good for rates, all other things being equal).

Then, of course, there is a very legitimate argument against any trader betting too heavily on rates moving lower until there is clear-cut justification to do so. That means we're waiting for the election outcome at the very least and possibly for a string of significantly weaker economic data (without the "yeah buts" associated with this week's jobs report).

What can we expect next week? At the very least, we'll learn a lot more about how much of the past month of pain was truly driven by politics. The safest expectation is for lots of volatility--something that can play out in EITHER direction. In other words, if you're waiting for rates to drop after the election, you have a 50% chance of being disappointed. If traders could already know that rates would drop after the election, they wouldn't wait to trade it.

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Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Tuesday, Oct 29				
9:00AM	Aug FHFA Home Prices y/y (%)	4.2%		4.5%
9:00AM	Aug Case Shiller Home Prices-20 y/y (%)	5.2%	5.1%	5.9%
10:00AM	Sep USA JOLTS Job Openings	7.443M	7.99M	8.04M
10:00AM	Oct CB Consumer Confidence (%)	108.7	99.5	98.7
Wednesday, Oct 30				
8:15AM	Oct ADP jobs (k)	233K	115K	143K
8:30AM	Q3 GDP (%)	2.8%	3%	3%
10:00AM	Sep Pending Home Sales (%)	7.4%	1.1%	0.6%
Thursday, Oct 31				
8:30AM	Q3 Employment costs (%)	0.8%	0.9%	0.9%
8:30AM	Oct/19 Continued Claims (ml)	1862K	1890K	1897K
8:30AM	Sep Core PCE Inflation (y/y) (%)	2.7%	2.6%	2.7%

Event Importance:

No Stars = Insignificant
☆ Low
★ Moderate
★★ Important
★★ Very Important

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Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
8:30AM	Sep Core PCE (m/m) (%)	0.3%	0.3%	0.1%
8:30AM	Oct/26 Jobless Claims (k)	216K	230K	227K
9:45AM	Oct Chicago PMI	41.6	47	46.6
Friday, Nov 01				
8:30AM	Oct Average earnings mm (%)	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%
8:30AM	Oct Non Farm Payrolls	12K	113K	254K
8:30AM	Oct Unemployment rate mm (%)	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%
10:00AM	Oct ISM Mfg Prices Paid	54.8	48.5	48.3
10:00AM	Oct ISM Manufacturing PMI	46.5	47.6	47.2
Tuesday, Nov 05				
9:45AM	Oct S&P Global Services PMI	55.0	55.3	55.2
10:00AM	Oct ISM N-Mfg PMI	56	53.8	54.9
Thursday, Nov 07				
8:30AM	Nov/02 Jobless Claims (k)	221K	221K	216K
2:00PM	Fed Interest Rate Decision	4.75%	4.75%	5%
2:30PM	Fed Press Conference			
Friday, Nov 08				
10:00AM	Nov Consumer Sentiment (ip)	73.0	71	70.5

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