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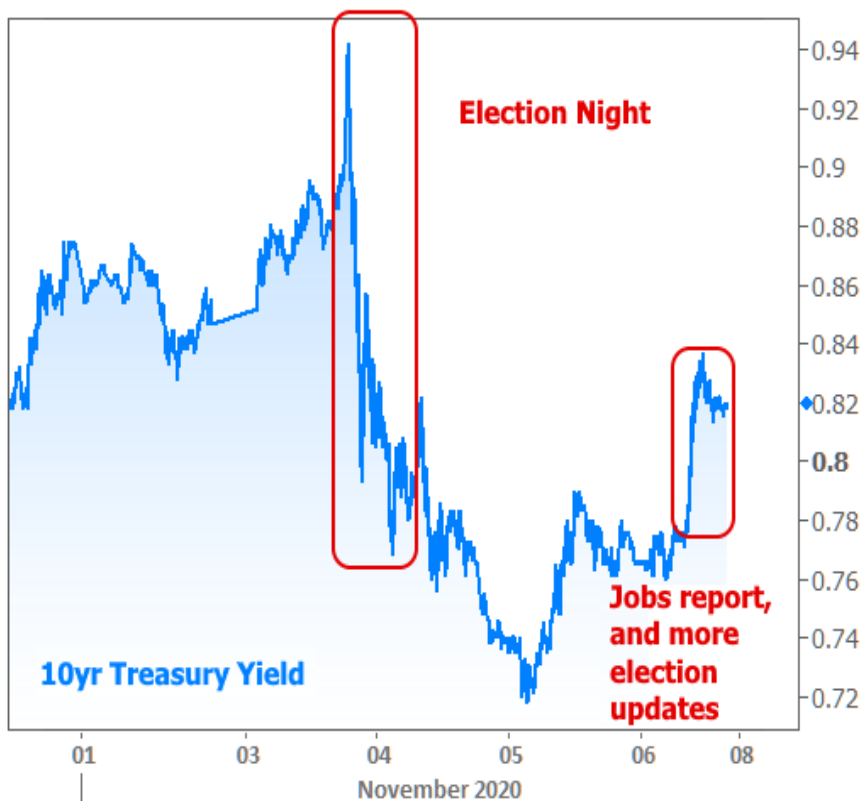
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Election Week Was a Win For Mortgage Rates

Heading into the presidential election, there were significant risks for mortgage rates and a wide range of potential outcomes. We knew there would be volatility either way, and we were right!

Volatility goes both ways. Heading into the election, the bond market (the biggest driver of interest rates) was defensive. That means rates (aka bond yields) were heading higher. Shortly into election night, however, yields began to drop **precipitously**. It wasn't until Friday that a strong jobs report and a few additional political developments brought some weakness back to bonds.



Why are bonds moving the way they're moving? The consensus is that a democratic sweep would have resulted in the guarantee of bigger stimulus in January and more spending in general. In turn, government bonds would be used to pay for that stimulus. The higher the issuance of government bonds, the more upward pressure on bond yields/rates, all other things being equal.

National Average Mortgage Rates



Rate Change Points

Mortgage News Daily

| | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|------|
| 30 Yr. Fixed | 7.08% | -0.05 | 0.00 |
| 15 Yr. Fixed | 6.45% | -0.02 | 0.00 |
| 30 Yr. FHA | 6.55% | -0.05 | 0.00 |
| 30 Yr. Jumbo | 7.25% | -0.04 | 0.00 |
| 5/1 ARM | 7.07% | -0.03 | 0.00 |

Freddie Mac

| | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|------|
| 30 Yr. Fixed | 6.86% | -0.01 | 0.00 |
| 15 Yr. Fixed | 6.16% | +0.03 | 0.00 |

Rates as of: 7/3

Market Data

| | Price / Yield | Change |
|----------------|---------------|---------|
| MBS UMBS 6.0 | 100.39 | +0.19 |
| MBS GNMA 6.0 | 100.53 | +0.14 |
| 10 YR Treasury | 4.3602 | -0.0724 |
| 30 YR Treasury | 4.5297 | -0.0761 |

Pricing as of: 7/3 5:59PM EST

Recent Housing Data

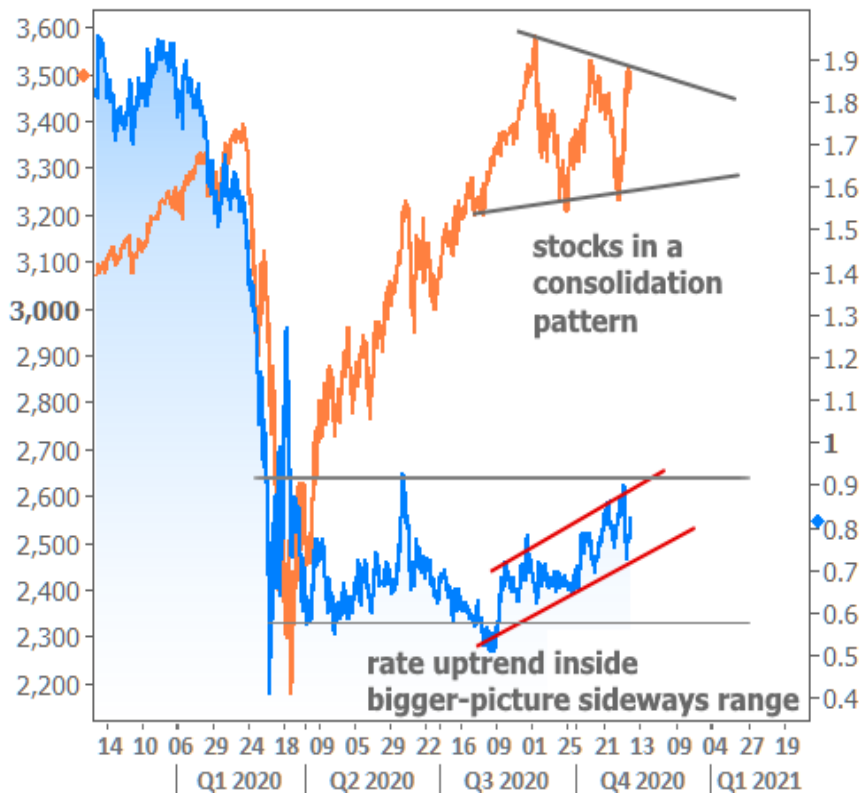
| | Value | Change |
|---------------------|--------------|---------|
| Mortgage Apps | Jun 12 208.5 | +15.58% |
| Building Permits | Mar 1.46M | -3.95% |
| Housing Starts | Mar 1.32M | -13.15% |
| New Home Sales | Mar 693K | +4.68% |
| Pending Home Sales | Feb 75.6 | +1.75% |
| Existing Home Sales | Feb 3.97M | -0.75% |
| Builder Confidence | Mar 51 | +6.25% |

Moreover, if that stimulus proved effective in helping the economy bounce back, it would only **add** to the upward rate pressure (stronger economy = higher rates).

With that in mind, it **wasn't** the Biden vs Trump narrative that ultimately moved markets as much as the fact that Republicans looked set to keep control of the Senate. Incidentally, some of the rise in rates seen on Friday had to do with Fresh speculation that Georgia's run-off elections could still change the balance of power in the Senate by January.

In other words, we're still **not totally out of the woods** with respect to politics putting upward pressure on rates. Perhaps that's why 10yr Treasury yields opted to remain inside their prevailing trend. Or maybe this is simply the slow, steady course leading back from deepest depths of pandemic-driven fear and uncertainty. While it's true that covid case counts are spiking, it's also true that the economy is doing a better job of keeping doors open this time around.





The silver lining to all of the above is the fact that mortgage rates **aren't** operating under exactly the same set of rules as the broader bond market. They were **slower to drop** at the start of the pandemic, and they've been catching up in a carefully controlled pace as lenders ensure they're not overwhelmed by new applications. That means mortgage rates haven't risen as much as Treasury yields over the past 3 months.

Heading into the election, mortgage lenders were understandably cautious, however. For the first time in a long time, they raised rates **more** than the bond market suggested. Fortunately, when bonds weathered the storm, the mortgage market lowered its defenses in grand fashion, making for the best 2-day move we've seen in weeks.



The discrepancy in the chart above (green and black lines moving in different directions recently) has most to do with purchase vs refinance loans. Refis got hit by the [new adverse market fee](#) in August. The fee was then delayed until Dec 1st. That caused some confusion for consumers because the Dec 1st deadline refers to the "delivery date" for the loans in question--a milestone in the loan process that occurs 2-4 weeks AFTER closing.

Bottom line, if it's a conventional refinance that's not already locked and in process, it's getting hit by the fee. There are limited exceptions for lower loan amounts and certain programs geared toward first time homebuyers. Purchase rates, on the other hand, are indeed in line with all-time lows for many lenders.

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Recent Economic Data

| Date | Event | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|
| Monday, Nov 02 | | | | |
| 10:00AM | Oct ISM Manufacturing PMI | 59.3 | 55.8 | 55.4 |
| 10:00AM | Sep Construction spending (%) | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Tuesday, Nov 03 | | | | |
| 10:00AM | Sep Factory orders mm (%) | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.7 |
| Wednesday, Nov 04 | | | | |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Purchase Index | 301.2 | | 305.2 |
| 7:00AM | w/e Mortgage Refinance Index | 3949.8 | | 3711.6 |

Event Importance:

- No Stars = Insignificant
- ☆ Low
- ★ Moderate
- ★★ Important
- ★★★ Very Important

| Date | Event | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|----------|--------|
| 7:00AM | w/e Mortgage Market Index | 838.2 | | 807.8 |
| 8:15AM | Oct ADP National Employment (k) | 365 | 650 | 749 |
| 8:30AM | Sep International trade mm \$ (bl) | -63.9 | -63.8 | -67.1 |
| 10:00AM | Oct ISM N-Mfg PMI | 56.6 | 57.5 | 57.8 |
| Thursday, Nov 05 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Q3 Labor Costs Preliminary (%) | -8.9 | -11.5 | 9.0 |
| 8:30AM | Q3 Productivity Preliminary (%) | 4.9 | 5.6 | 10.1 |
| 8:30AM | w/e Jobless Claims (k) | 751 | 738 | 751 |
| 2:00PM | N/A FOMC rate decision (%) | 0 - 0.25 | 0.125 | 0.125 |
| Friday, Nov 06 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Oct Unemployment rate mm (%) | 6.9 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| 8:30AM | Oct Non-farm payrolls (k) | 638 | 600 | 661 |
| 10:00AM | Sep Wholesale inventories mm (%) | 0.4 | -0.1 | -0.1 |
| Monday, Nov 09 | | | | |
| 1:00PM | 3-Yr Note Auction (bl) | 54 | | |
| Wednesday, Nov 11 | | | | |
| 7:00AM | w/e Mortgage Refinance Index | 3973.1 | | 3949.8 |
| 7:00AM | w/e MBA Purchase Index | 293.5 | | 301.2 |
| Thursday, Nov 12 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Oct Core CPI (Annual) (%) | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Friday, Nov 13 | | | | |
| 8:30AM | Oct Core Producer Prices YY (%) | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| 10:00AM | Nov Consumer Sentiment | 77.0 | 82.0 | 81.8 |
| Tuesday, Jan 12 | | | | |
| 1:00PM | 10-yr Note Auction (bl) | 38 | | |
| Wednesday, Jan 13 | | | | |
| 1:00PM | 30-Yr Bond Auction (bl) | 24 | | |