

Tera Lyn Ha'aheoohonua Paleka
Broker In Charge, Hawaii Financial Services, LLC.
HIFIS NMLS#: 1566069
1063 L. Main Street, Ste 221C (LahainaWildfire Temp Space)

Office: 808-667-5626
Mobile: 808-649-4070
TERA@PALEKA.COM
View My Website

Lowest Mortgage Rates in Weeks After Fed Hikes Rates. Here's How That Works...

The implication of "Fed rate hikes" is a constant source of confusion in the housing market. The general belief is that the Fed controls rates and if they're hiking, then rates are going higher. That's not exactly how it works.

Let's leave aside the question of the Fed's control for another day. It's a fairly circular and philosophical debate (chicken/egg kinda thing) with no real relevance to today's mortgage rate movement). Instead, let's focus on why today's Fed rate hike coexists with mortgage rates moving lower.

The Fed hike the Fed Funds Rate. That applies to loans between large institutions for period of less than a day. By influencing the cost of the shortest-term capital at the highest levels, the Fed is attempting to cool demand for goods and services, thereby reducing inflation.

Mortgage rates apply to loans that last more than 5 years on average (before the home is sold or the loan is refinanced). That means they serve a very different purpose for investors and can move quite differently versus shorter-term debt. But this isn't even the biggest reason for the disconnect.

The most obvious reason that a Fed rate hike can coexist with lower mortgage rates is that the bond market already knew the Fed was going to hike and had long since priced that in to the present level of rates. It would be different if the Fed could hike rates any time, any day, but there are only 8 meetings per year that result in rate changes. That means the market has a lot of time to adjust its expectations in between those meetings.

Because the market had already accounted for the hike, all that was left was to react to the changes in the Fed's verbiage and the comments from Fed Chair Powell in the post-announcement press conference. That verbiage generally conveyed the possibility that this was the last Fed rate hike for a long time. Even if that possibility is heavily dependent on economic data, the bond market liked the fact that the Fed wasn't set on continuing to hike.

The average mortgage lender is down to the lowest levels in roughly 3 weeks. Additional gains will depend on the economic data in the coming days--particularly Friday's jobs report and next week's Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Subscribe to my newsletter online at:
http://housingnewsletters.com/hawaiifinancialservices

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Nov 4	204.6	+6.23%
Building Permits	Sep	1.4M	+0.43%
Housing Starts	Sep	1.22M	-4.24%
New Home Sales	Sep	676K	-1.17%
Pending Home Sales	Aug	71.2	0%
Existing Home Sales	Oct	3.99M	+0.25%
Builder Confidence	Oct	29	-9.38%

© 2026 MBS Live, LLC. - This on-demand newsletter is a service of MarketNewsletters.com.

The interest rates provided in this newsletter are national averages from independent data sources. Rate/APR terms may differ from those listed above based on the creditworthiness of the borrower. All information provided "as is" for informational purposes only, not intended for trading purposes or financial advice.

Read or subscribe to my newsletter online at: http://housingnewsletters.com/hawaiifinancialservices

Small But Mighty Locally Owned Mortgage Brokerage in Lahaina Maui Since 2003

Tera Lyn Ha'aheoohonua Paleka



© 2026 MBS Live, LLC. - This on-demand newsletter is a service of MarketNewsletters.com.

The interest rates provided in this newsletter are national averages from independent data sources. Rate/APR terms may differ from those listed above based on the creditworthiness of the borrower. All information provided "as is" for informational purposes only, not intended for trading purposes or financial advice.

Read or subscribe to my newsletter online at: http://housingnewsletters.com/hawaiifinancialservices