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Why The Housing Market Cares About The Fed

The Federal Reserve (aka "the Fed") is the US central bank that sets policies relating to the flow of money. Even though they'll be the first to admit they **don't** have perfect control of the situation, their goals are to keep employment high, prices stable, and financial instability at bay. Because these goals are often at odds and because the Fed's decisions have a big impact on financial markets, Fed policy changes are always closely watched.

Updates from the Fed are so closely watched, in fact, that markets are accustomed to digging through the Fed's 3-week old meeting minutes for any clues about potential policy shifts. This week's meeting minutes offered a few important clues and better framed the somewhat **surprising** Fed announcement at the end of January.

What was so surprising about the late-January Fed Announcement? Here's the newsletter that covered it in more detail. The short version is that they were much more **downbeat** in their assessment of the economy, they **dropped** their recommendation for further gradual rate hikes, and they even hinted at an updated bond buying policy in the near future. Taken together, this was such an **abrupt** shift that it left traders scratching their heads.

It also left traders with much more clarity about how to trade. A downbeat Fed that is talking about holding rates steady and hinting at buying bonds?! That's a clear "BUY" signal for both stocks and bonds.

To be clear, the Fed **isn't** talking about **buying bonds** in the same way they were during their widely-criticized but arguably successful quantitative easing (QE) programs. QE purchases grew the Fed's balance sheet, and they're currently in the process of shrinking it (by letting their bond holdings mature without reinvesting the principal). This time around, the Fed is talking about stopping the shrinkage! Whenever they do that, it will mean all of the money they earn on their bond holdings can now be used to buy new bonds (bond buying = lower rates).

The Fed's normal method of money market influence is to hike or cut its policy rate. While this has a profound effect on short-term interest rates (and a noticeable psychological effect on the stock market), its **not nearly as effective** as the balance sheet (aka "bond buying") when it comes to longer-term rates. The relative impact of rate policy and bond buying policy can be seen at 2 key points in the past 2 months.

National Average Mortgage Rates



Mortgage News Daily	Rate	Change	Points
30YR Fixed	7.29%	+0.03	0.00
15YR Fixed	6.93%	+0.11	0.00
30YR FHA	6.97%	+0.02	0.00
30YR Jumbo	7.40%	0.00	0.00
7/6 SOFR	6.68%	+0.08	0.00
30YR VA	6.99%	+0.03	0.00

Rates as of: 11/27

MBS and Treasury

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	99.65	-0.24
10 YR Treasury	4.9345	+0.0755
30 YR Treasury	5.3271	+0.0792

Pricing as of: 11/27 5:59PM EST

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Nov 18	212	+6.11%
Building Permits	Oct	1.3M	-7.5%
Housing Starts	Oct	1.31M	+7.21%
New Home Sales	Oct	701K	+3.7%
Pending Home Sales	Oct	63	-4.69%
Existing Home Sales	Oct	3.99M	+0.25%
Builder Confidence	Nov	25	-13.79%

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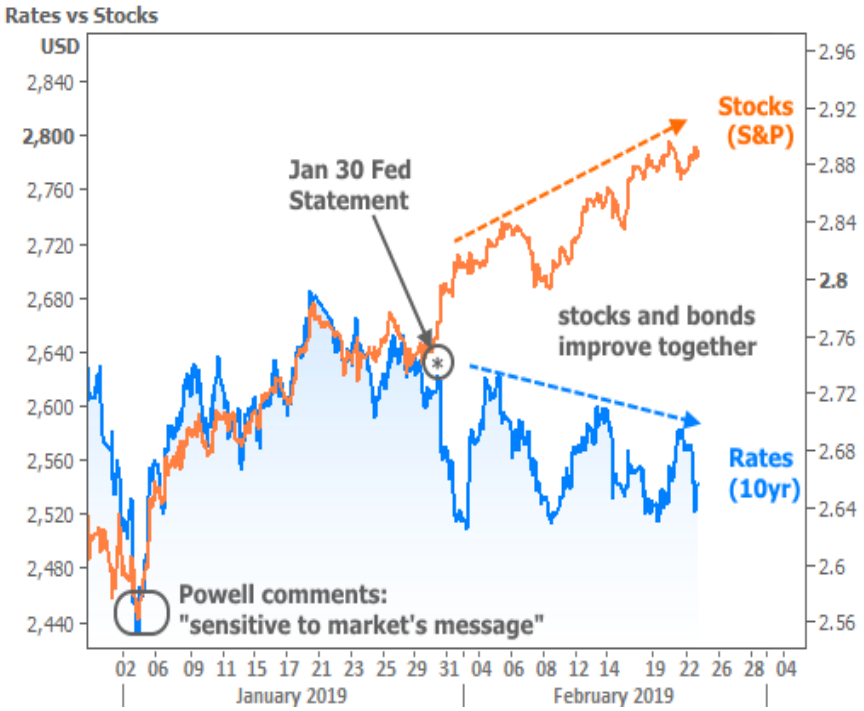

At the beginning of the year, Fed Chair Powell said the Fed is "sensitive to the message markets are sending." In other words, they recognized that they'd eventually need to do something if the stock market continued to plummet. At the time, Powell was happy to reaffirm that the Fed's bond portfolio would **continue to shrink** at regular intervals (i.e. no increase in bond buying on the horizon). The stock market was happy about the Fed implying slower rate hikes, but that wasn't big news for longer-term bonds (like 10yr Treasury yields and mortgage-backed bonds). Thus stocks and rates moved higher together in January.

The January 30th Fed Announcement introduced the possibility of a shift in bond buying policy--something longer-term bonds COULD actually get excited about. The relative excitement can be seen as rates began falling again in February.

Now this week, we have confirmation from the January 30 meeting minutes that the Fed had an even more robust discussion about its balance sheet. By Friday, numerous Fed members were on the record talking about an end to balance sheet reduction in 2019--**a far cry** from Powell's "steady as she goes" attitude in early January.

This brings us to the **Fed's relationship with the housing market**. Whenever the Fed flips the switch on its balance sheet reduction plan, it will cause an immediate influx of substantial demand in the bond market. And again, bond market demand = lower rates (specifically, lower longer-term rates, like mortgages).

Connecting the dots, we've talked quite a bit in recent weeks about the role of mortgage rates in housing demand. True, it's not the primary driver of the housing market, but it's an important supporting actor that can tip the scales if other aspects of the market are on a fence.

Lawrence Yun, the Chief Economist for the National Association of Realtors agrees. Although January's Existing Home Sales numbers didn't get a boost from December's rates, he said lower rates will "inevitably lead to more home sales." In fact, he sees January's numbers as a **"cyclical low"**--something I suggested would be the case in last week's newsletter!

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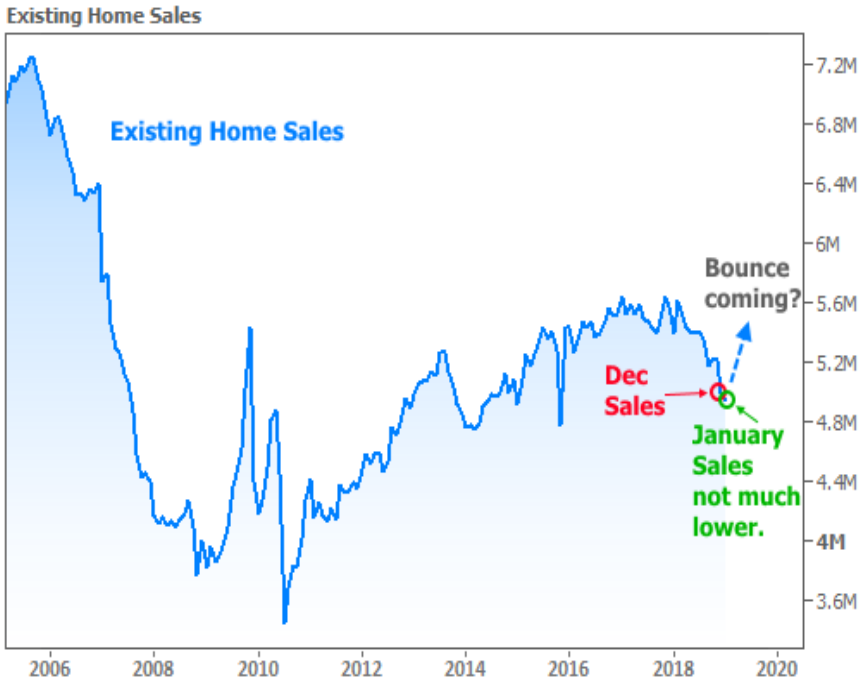

I'm telling you this because I want to be a cheerleader for the housing market. From an objective standpoint, there was a lot of uncertainty in the market at the end of 2018 due to stock losses and the government shutdown. It's no surprise to see it carry over to January, and it would be no surprise to see a bit of a housing recovery now that the shutdown is over, stocks have bounced, and the Fed is suddenly feeling friendly.

The friendliness is **not without risks** though. Ultimately, the Fed's friendliness depends on the state of the economy. When Fed Chair Powell delivers congressional testimony on the state of the economy next week, he'll likely try to strike a balance between recent policy extremes by reiterating the Fed's dependence on the economic data. If markets perceive him as being too upbeat about the economy or if he pushes back on his colleagues thoughts on the Fed's balance sheet, it could put upward pressure on rates.

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Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Tuesday, Feb 19				
10:00AM	Feb NAHB housing market indx	62	59	58
Wednesday, Feb 20				
7:00AM	w/e MBA Purchase Index	232.7		237.7
7:00AM	w/e Mortgage Refinance Index	1084.4		1052.4
2:00PM	FOMC Minutes			
Thursday, Feb 21				
8:30AM	Dec Durable goods (%)	1.2	1.5	0.7
8:30AM	Dec Nondefense ex-air (%)	-0.7	0.2	-0.6
8:30AM	Feb Philly Fed Business Index	-4.1	14.0	17.0
8:30AM	w/e Jobless Claims (k)	216	220	239

Event Importance:

No Stars = Insignificant
☆ Low
★ Moderate
★★ Important
★★ Very Important

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Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
10:00AM	Jan Exist. home sales % chg (%)	-1.2	0.8	-6.4
10:00AM	Jan Existing home sales (ml)	4.94	5.00	4.99
10:00AM	Jan Leading index chg mm (%)	-0.1	0.1	-0.1
Monday, Feb 25				
10:00AM	Dec Wholesale inventories mm (%)	1.1	0.3	
1:00PM	5-Yr Note Auction (bl)	41		
Tuesday, Feb 26				
8:30AM	Dec House starts mm: change (%)	-11.2		3.2
8:30AM	Dec Build permits: change mm (%)	0.3		4.5
8:30AM	Dec Building permits: number (ml)	1.326	1.290	1.322
8:30AM	Dec Housing starts number mm (ml)	1.078	1.250	1.256
9:00AM	Dec CaseShiller 20 yy (%)	+4.2	4.5	4.7
9:00AM	Dec Monthly Home Price yy (%)	5.6		5.8
10:00AM	Feb Consumer confidence	131.4	124.7	120.2
1:00PM	7-Yr Note Auction (bl)	32		
Wednesday, Feb 27				
7:00AM	w/e Mortgage Market Index	384.8		365.3
7:00AM	w/e Mortgage Refinance Index	1133.8		1084.4
7:00AM	w/e MBA Purchase Index	247.0		232.7
10:00AM	Jan Pending Home Sales (%)	+4.6	0.4	-2.2
10:00AM	Jan Pending Sales Index	103.2		99.0
Thursday, Feb 28				
8:30AM	Q4 GDP Prelim (%)	2.6	2.3	3.5
8:30AM	w/e Jobless Claims (k)	225	225	216
9:45AM	Feb Chicago PMI	64.7	57.0	56.7
Friday, Mar 01				
8:30AM	Dec Core PCE Inflation (y/y) (%)	+1.9	1.9	1.9
8:30AM	Q4 Labor Costs Preliminary (%)		1.7	0.9
8:30AM	Q4 Productivity Preliminary (%)		1.7	2.2
10:00AM	Feb Consumer Sentiment (ip)	93.8	95.7	95.5
10:00AM	Feb Consumer Inflation Expectations (1yr) (%)	2.6		2.5
10:00AM	Feb Consumer Inflation Expectations (5yr) (%)	2.3		2.3
10:00AM	Feb ISM Manufacturing PMI	54.2	55.5	56.6

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