

**Caroline Roy**

Branch Manager/Loan Officer, GoPrime Mortgage
271203
2015 Charlotte St Ste. 3 Bozeman, MT 59718

Office: 406.624.6330
caroline@goprime.com
[View My Website](#)

Just When You Thought They Were Gone, All-Time Low Rates Are Back

Mortgage rates plunged well into new all-time lows this week, which is a striking turn of events given the **vastly** different outlook at the end of last week.

Specifically, a series of strong economic reports led to significant losses in the bond market (bond losses = higher rates) and gains in stocks. The **unspoken warning** was that rates had been too complacent in the face of a potential economic rebound.

Now this week, markets are **singing a different tune**. Recently strong economic data was great to see, but with coronavirus numbers spiking in several states, the sustainability of the economic improvement is in question.

Sentiment shifted on both sides of the market with stocks giving signals that their recent gains may have been **a bit too euphoric**. The result was the biggest sell-off since March.

Conversely, the bond market had its **best week since March**, and again, when the bond market is doing well, rates are falling. The 10yr Treasury yield moved all the way back into the range it had so abruptly departed last week.

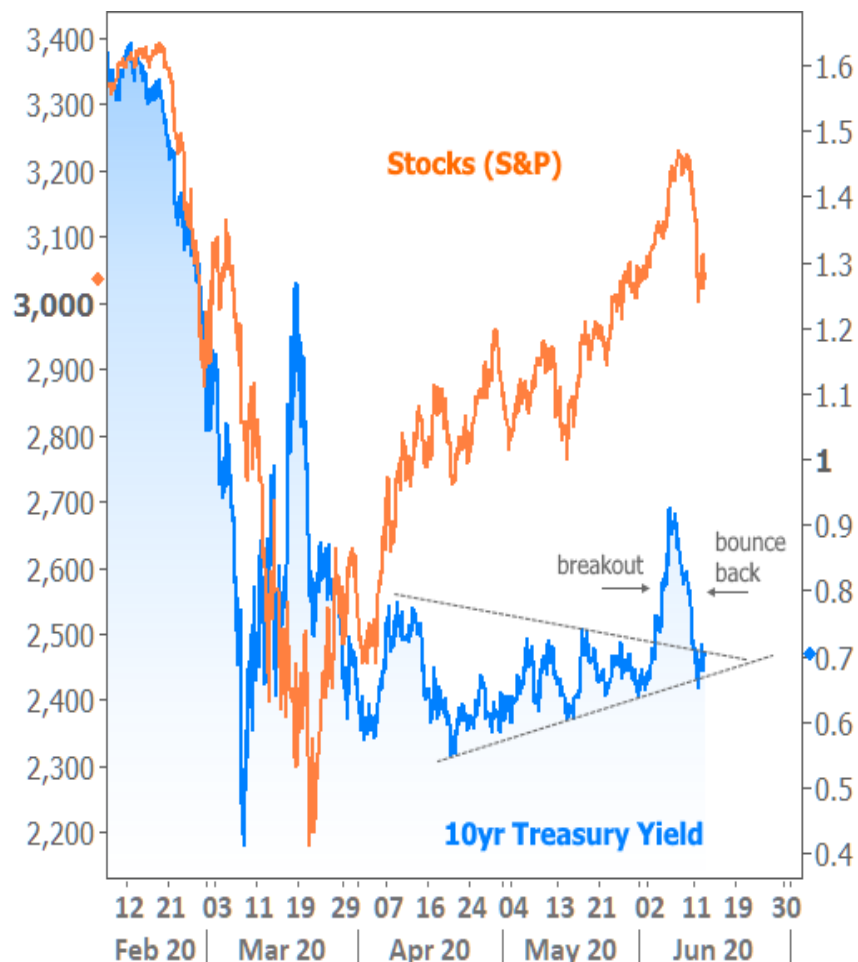
Market Data

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	99.03	-0.40
MBS GNMA 6.0	99.96	-0.29
10 YR Treasury	4.7268	+0.0846
30 YR Treasury	4.8363	+0.0651

Pricing as of: 4/25 9:28AM EST

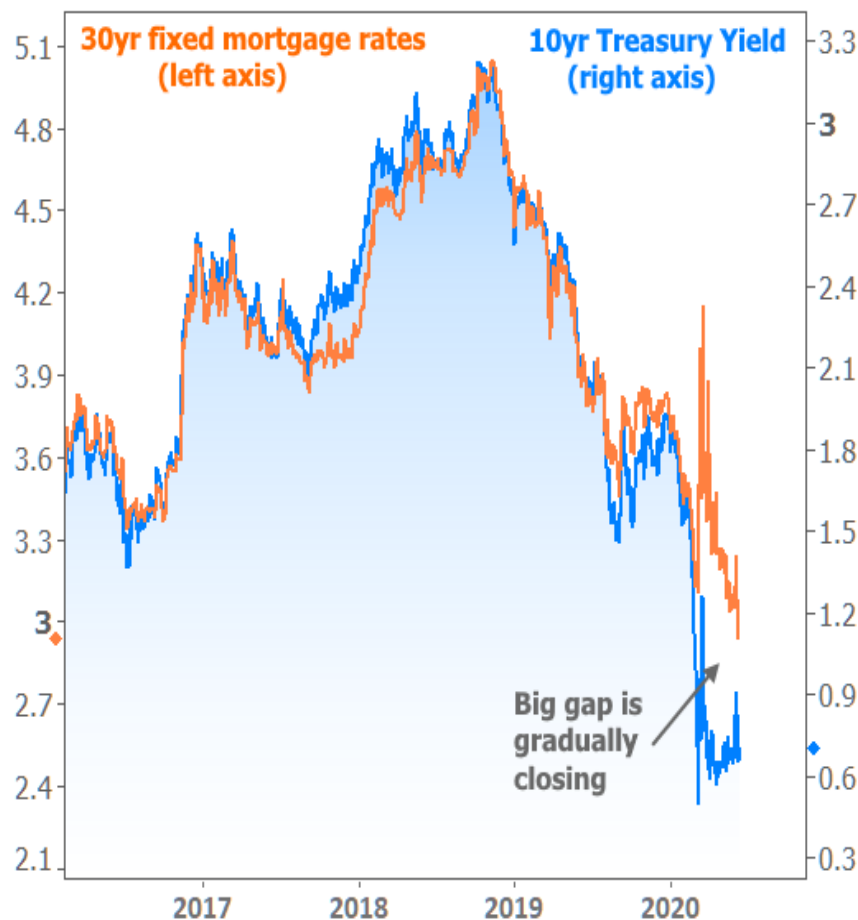
Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Apr 24	196.7	-2.67%
Building Permits	Mar	1.46M	-3.95%
Housing Starts	Mar	1.32M	-13.15%
New Home Sales	Mar	693K	+4.68%
Pending Home Sales	Feb	75.6	+1.75%
Existing Home Sales	Feb	3.97M	-0.75%
Builder Confidence	Mar	51	+6.25%



The news was **even better** for mortgage rates, which hit new all-time lows by Thursday afternoon. Considering the chart above shows gradual upward movement in 10yr Treasury yields over the past few months, how is it that mortgage rates continue hitting record lows?

Simply put, mortgages never improved as quickly as Treasuries on the way down. So **even if** Treasury yields remain flat to slightly higher, mortgage rates have some room left to close some of this gap.



The mortgage market received **another vote of confidence** this week from the Fed. Although the Fed was already buying huge amounts of Treasuries and mortgage-backed bonds, they were doing so on an "emergency" basis. That meant the amount had been changing every week (and generally declining). The fewer bonds purchased by the Fed, the worse it could be for rates.

With this week's announcement, the Fed officially committed to buy **at least as much** as they have been buying, thus providing certainty about demand in the bond market. This move wasn't necessarily unexpected, but the confirmation was worth something--especially for the mortgage bond market which tends to play second fiddle to Treasuries as far as the Fed is concerned.

In separate news, the Fed also released a quarterly update to its economic forecasts. They now see the **Fed Funds Rate remaining at 0%** through 2022. At first glance, some mortgage shoppers might think this has a bearing on mortgage rates, but it is almost completely unrelated.

The Fed Funds Rate applies to overnight loans between large financial institutions. Mortgage rates are based on mortgage-backed bonds which tend to have life spans measured in **years instead of hours**. The low Fed Funds Rate will keep the shortest-term rates near 0%, but longer-term rates will continue to fluctuate based on the economic outlook, inflation, and the supply/demand equation (which is greatly benefited by the Fed's bond buying commitment).

As for the road ahead, **everyone would like to know** if we'll continue deeper into all-time low mortgage rates. After all, the answer to that question looked very different last week.

Notably, **the x-factor** was a shift in the coronavirus narrative. As states gradually reopen, it's safe to assume that markets will continue to take major cues from covid-19 numbers and the resulting impact on the economy. The better it goes, the more upward pressure we might see on rates. The worse it goes, the greater the possibility of a return to all-time lows.

There is an **important caveat** here. The benefit of waiting to lock a rate for those in a position to do so is arguably too small to take the risk. Each time we hit all-time lows, the incremental improvements get smaller and smaller, and the risks increase for a bigger-picture bounce.

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Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Tuesday, Jun 09				
10:00AM	Apr Wholesale inventories mm (%)	0.3	0.4	0.4
Wednesday, Jun 10				
7:00AM	w/e MBA Purchase Index	311.7		296.0
7:00AM	w/e Mortgage Refinance Index	3529.0		3166.7
8:30AM	May Core CPI (Annual) (%)	1.2	1.3	1.4
2:00PM	N/A FOMC rate decision (%)	0.000 - 0.250	0.125	0.125
Thursday, Jun 11				
8:30AM	May Core Producer Prices YY (%)	0.3	0.4	0.6
8:30AM	w/e Jobless Claims (k)	1542	1550	1877
8:30AM	w/e Continued jobless claims (ml)	20.929	20.000	21.487
Friday, Jun 12				
10:00AM	Jun Consumer Sentiment	78.9	75.0	72.3
Monday, Jun 15				
8:30AM	Jun NY Fed Manufacturing	-0.2	-29.80	-48.50
Tuesday, Jun 16				
8:30AM	May Retail Sales (%)	17.7	8.0	-16.4
9:15AM	May Industrial Production (%)	1.4	2.9	-11.2
10:00AM	Apr Business Inventories (%)	-1.3	-0.8	-0.2
10:00AM	Jun NAHB housing market indx	58	45	37
Wednesday, Jun 17				
7:00AM	w/e MBA Purchase Index	322.5		311.7
7:00AM	w/e Mortgage Refinance Index	3891.5		3529.0
8:30AM	May House starts mm: change (%)	4.3		-30.2
8:30AM	May Build permits: change mm (%)	14.4		-21.4
8:30AM	May Building permits: number (ml)	1.220	1.228	1.066
8:30AM	May Housing starts number mm (ml)	0.974	1.095	0.891
Thursday, Jun 18				

Event Importance:

No Stars = Insignificant

☆ Low

★ Moderate

★★ Important

★★★ Very Important

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
8:30AM	Jun Philly Fed Business Index	27.5	-23.0	-43.1
10:00AM	May Leading index chg mm (%)	2.8	2.3	-4.4