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Could The Top Already Be In For Rates?

(Most of this newsletter lays out a counterpoint to the fairly dominant theme of "higher rates in 2018." Please note: this is **just the bright side** of the debate. There's still a dark side, but we're giving it the week off for Spring Break!)

It's no secret that late 2017 and early 2018 were anything but pleasant for fans of low rates. Average mortgage rates and Treasury yields shot higher at their fastest pace since the 2016 presidential election. Even after that spike, there are still plenty of reasons to fear rates may continue higher, and that's exactly why they **could** go lower.

The emphasis is very much on "could." At the risk of bursting any bubbles, rates "**could**" **always** move higher or lower from wherever they are right now, and traders are constantly trying to adjust today's rates to reflect future probabilities. In other words, whatever can be accurately known about the future is generally already priced-in to current rate levels. This is actually the foundation of our rate-friendly narrative this week, but first, let's recap the data and market movement.

Housing-Related Data Recap

The National Association of Realtors reported a **3.1% improvement** in Pending Home Sales, a measurement of home purchase contract activity. This follows a 5% decline in the previous month and helps to contain the year-over-year declines seen in the lower section of the following chart.

National Average Mortgage Rates



	Rate	Change	Points
Mortgage News Daily			
30 Yr. Fixed	7.52%	+0.13	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	6.91%	+0.08	0.00
30 Yr. FHA	7.00%	+0.13	0.00
30 Yr. Jumbo	7.68%	+0.10	0.00
5/1 ARM	7.55%	+0.15	0.00

Freddie Mac

30 Yr. Fixed	7.17%	-0.27	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	6.44%	-0.32	0.00

Rates as of: 4/25

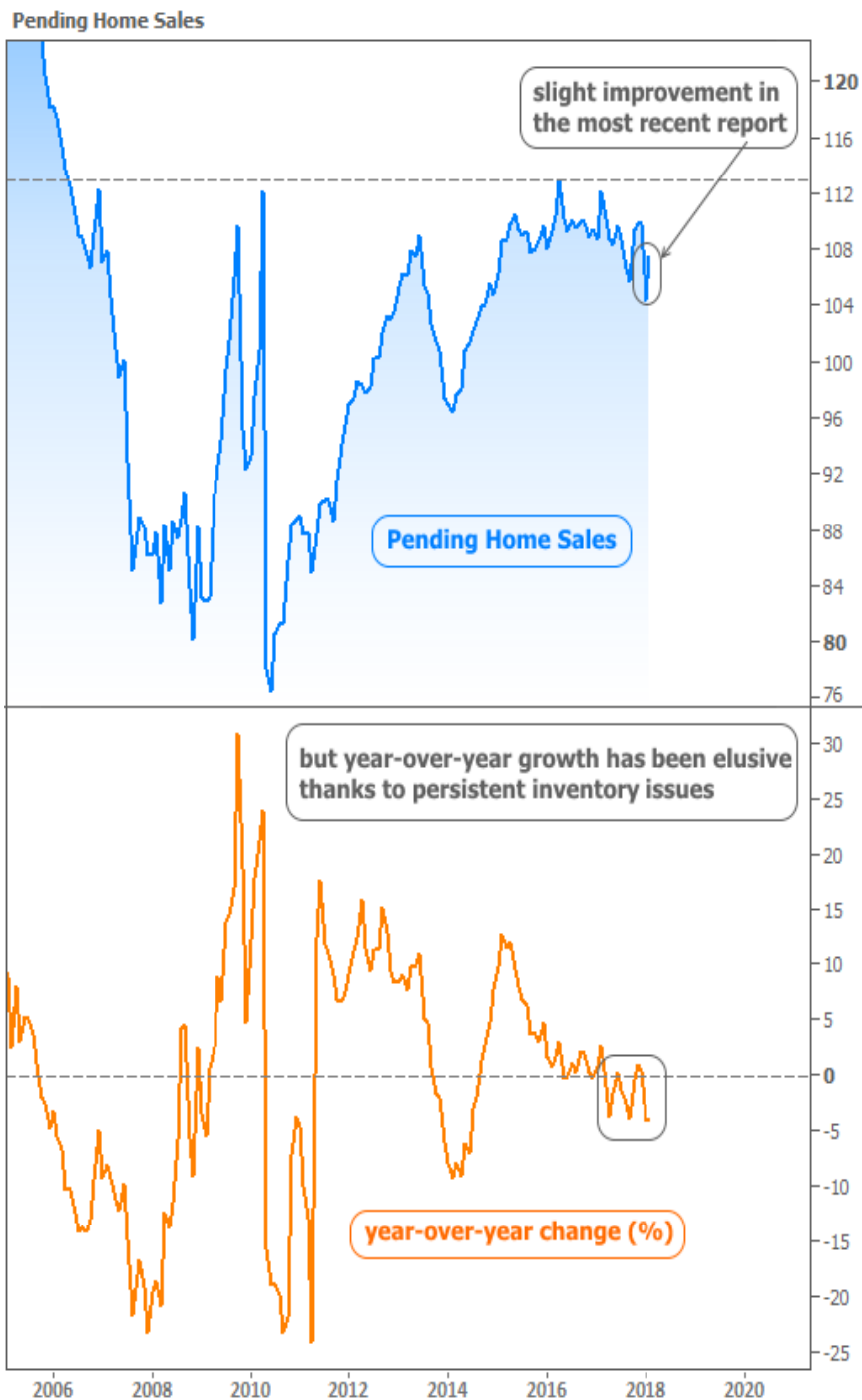
Market Data

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	99.06	-0.37
MBS GNMA 6.0	100.08	-0.17
10 YR Treasury	4.6847	-0.0192
30 YR Treasury	4.7939	-0.0200

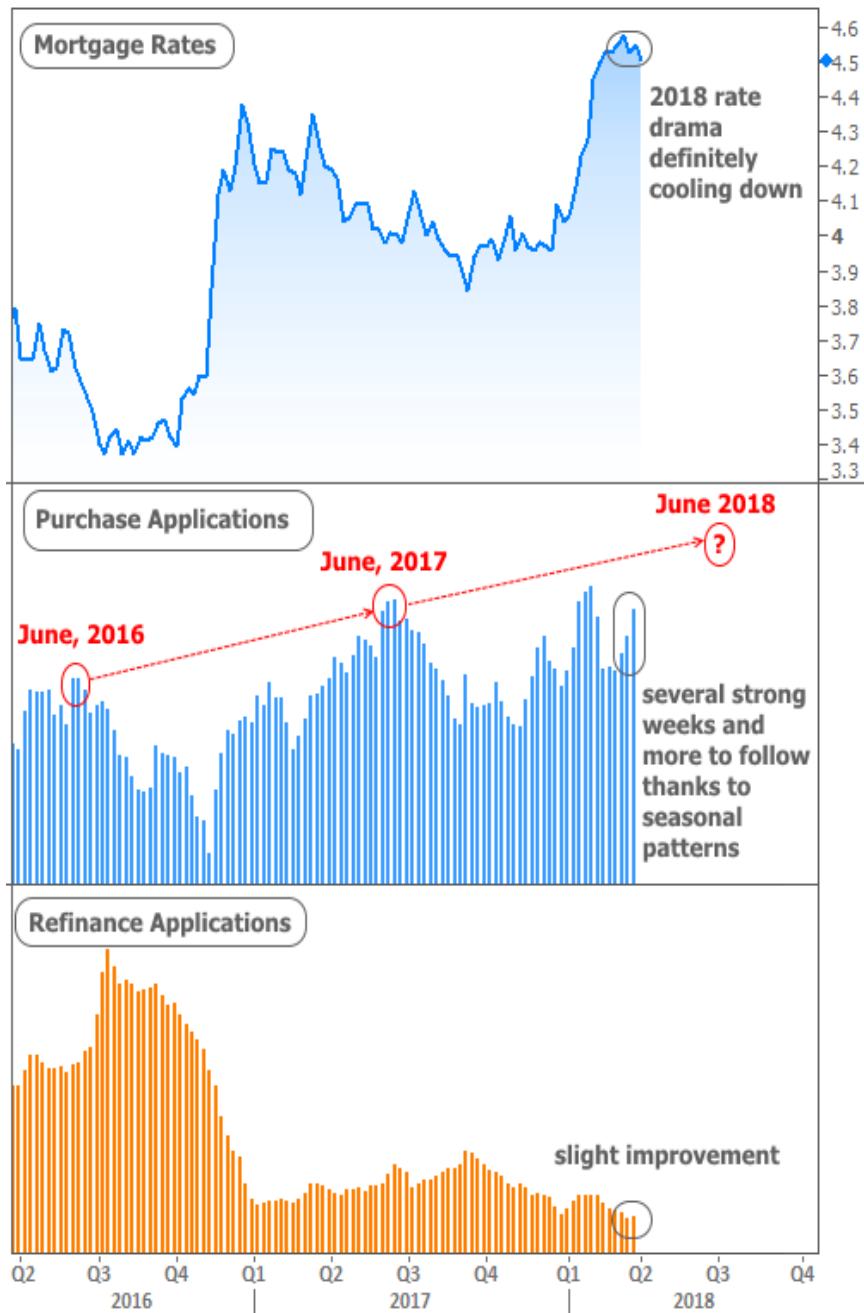
Pricing as of: 4/26 6:07AM EST

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Apr 24	196.7	-2.67%
Building Permits	Mar	1.46M	-3.95%
Housing Starts	Mar	1.32M	-13.15%
New Home Sales	Mar	693K	+4.68%
Pending Home Sales	Feb	75.6	+1.75%
Existing Home Sales	Feb	3.97M	-0.75%
Builder Confidence	Mar	51	+6.25%

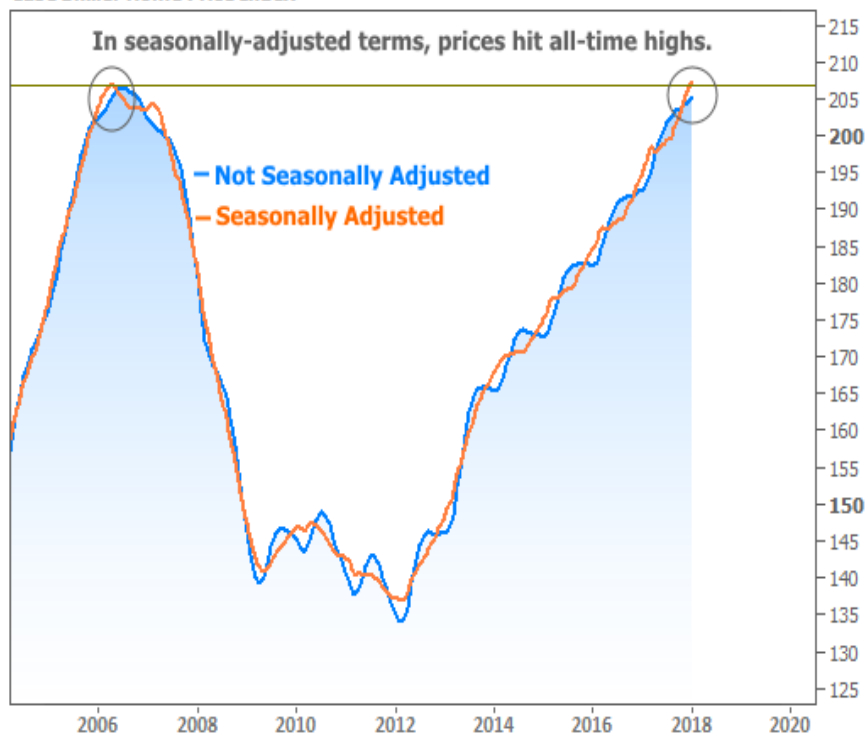


The Mortgage Bankers Association released its weekly update on mortgage applications, which showed another nice gain for purchases and a token improvement for refis. The good news is that we **haven't even hit peak season** for purchase apps (June). When we do, the numbers should be even better.



Persistent homebuying demand + low inventory = **higher and higher prices**. The Case-Shiller price index echoed other recent home price reports with a move up to 6.4% for January--not quite as high as FHFA's January numbers, but 0.2% higher than was forecast for this report. Moreover, in seasonally-adjusted terms, this week's "20-city price index" hit **new record highs**.

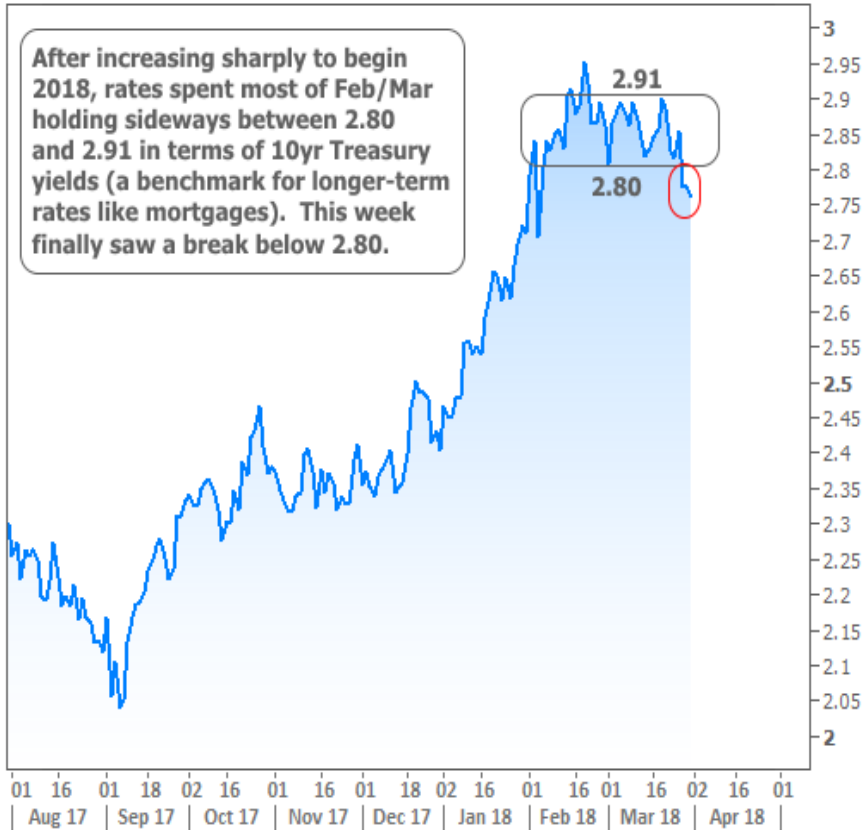
Case Shiller Home Price Index



Market Movements and Rate Outlook

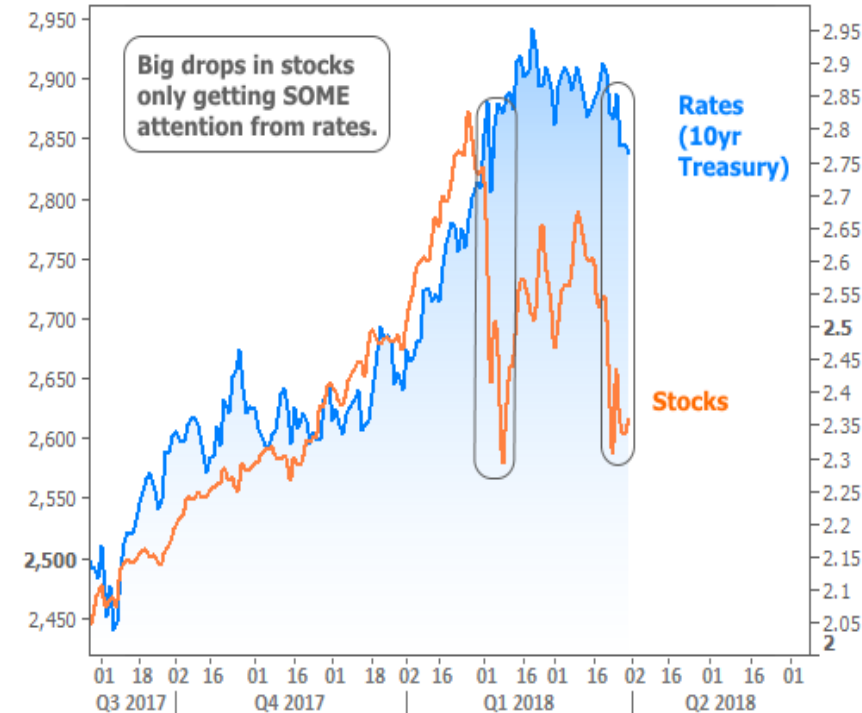
Rates dropped at their **fastest pace of the year*** this week, and for the 3rd week in a row! That makes 6 out of the past 7 weeks with rates closing at lower levels than the previous week. Granted, some of those victories involved rates essentially remaining flat, but after the rapid spike earlier in the year, we'll take any victory we can get!

10yr Treasury Yield (Rates)



Because financial news outlets are decidedly stock-focused, much of the available commentary on **rates** ends up involving **stocks**. The conventional wisdom seems to be that heavy losses in stocks get credit for noticeable declines in rates. There is **SOME** truth to this, but the correlation guaranteed.

Rates vs Stocks



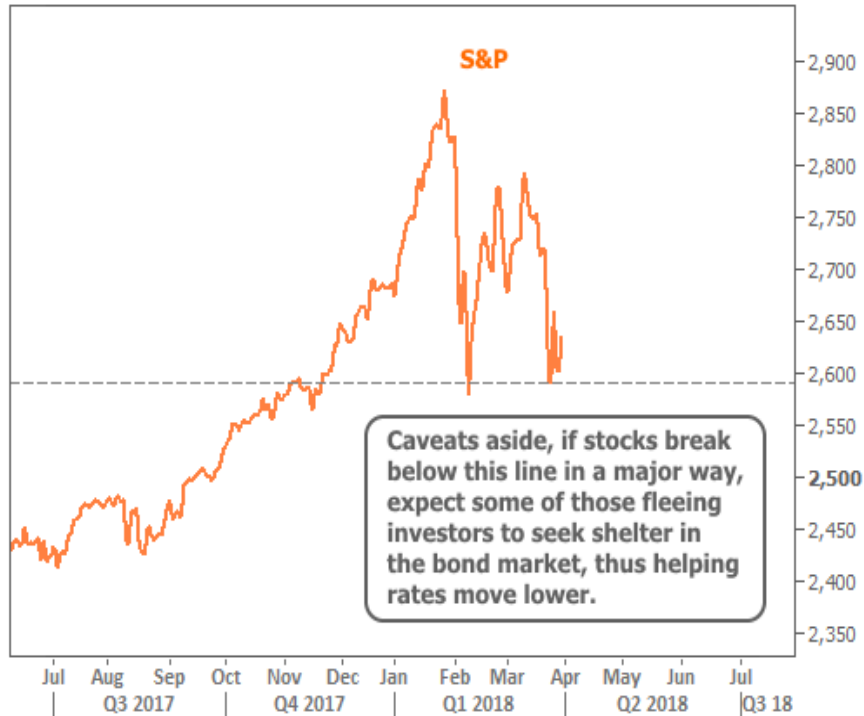
In fact, the biggest moves tend to happen when rates are doing their own thing. For instance, in the chart below, the big drop at the beginning of 2015 was due to the onset of the European Central Bank's bond buying program (more bond-buying = lower rates). The big spike in late 2016 was due to bond traders fearing increased Treasury issuance (more supply = more to sell = higher rates) after the election. And if all that isn't enough to hammer home the fact that stock/rate correlation varies quite a bit, just use the lower pane of the chart to re-calibrate your assumptions as needed.

Rates vs Stocks



Since the previous chart offered 2 good examples of bonds/rates doing their own thing regardless of the stock market, what might turn out to be the current motivation for the **next big move**? Interestingly enough, stocks **could** actually play a pretty big role this time. The higher they've gone, and the longer they've gone without a bear market, the greater the fear of a massive correction. Most analysts would agree that February and March would end up looking like a small warning shot relative to such a correction. To whatever extent that drama begins to unfold, rates **couldn't help but improve** simply because so much money from the stock market would be seeking safe havens.

Stocks



Were I to argue **against** the "safe haven" idea, I would point out that the current environment is not conducive to rates moving lower for two, maybe **three big reasons**:

1. Fed rate hike expectations suggest short-term rates will be high enough in the future that long-term rates (the stuff we care about in the mortgage/housing market) will have to go somewhat higher.
2. Increased government bond issuance (to pay for stuff like infrastructure and the tax bill) will create more and more supply. Higher bond market supply = higher rates.
3. Fiscal policies may promote additional economic growth and inflation--both of which are traditionally bad for rates.

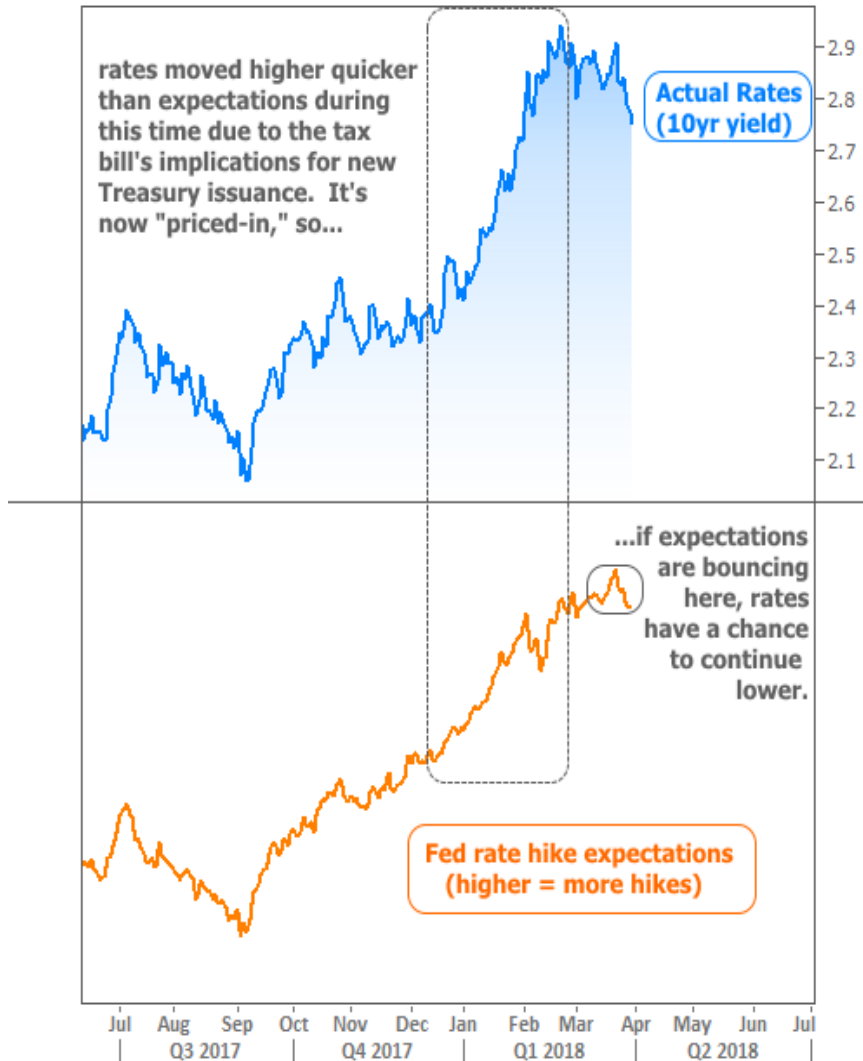
All of the above points are **valid**, but there's **one important counterpoint** back on the optimistic side of the rate argument, and it goes back to the beginning of the newsletter: "whatever can be accurately known about the future is generally already priced-in to current rate levels."

With that in mind, anything that impacts the accuracy of the outlook creates opportunities for rates to do "something different." Uncertainty about the true cost of the tax bill over time means uncertainty about how much debt will be issued to pay for it. If the tax bill actually ramps up revenues as much as some of its proponents think it might, bond markets likely **overestimated** the government's future borrowing needs. And again, anything that decreases those borrowing needs is a net-benefit for rates.

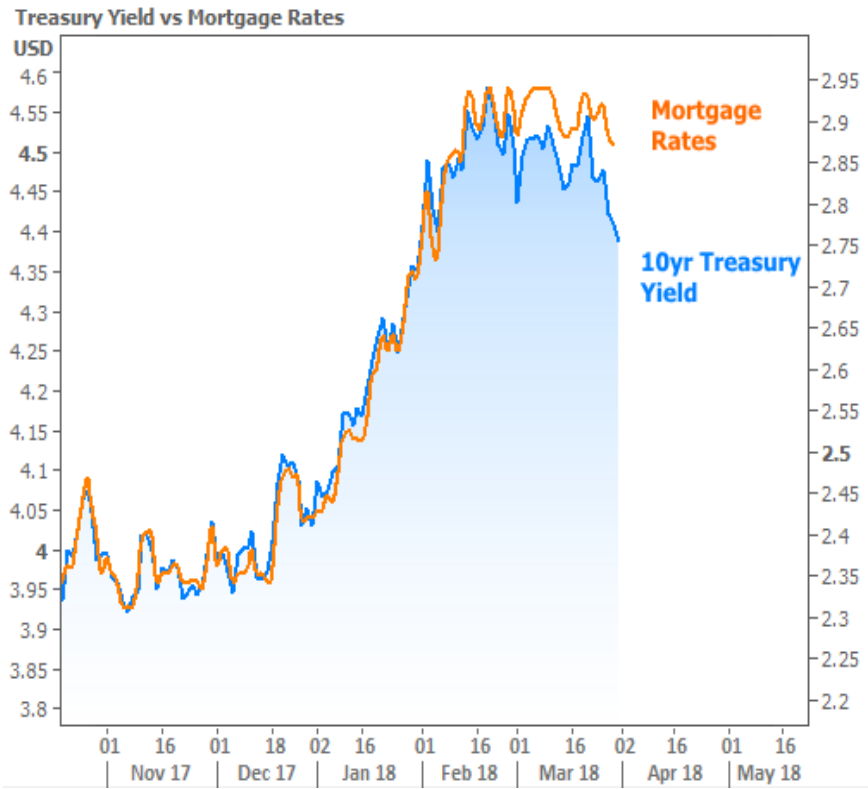
Bottom line: adjusting for the effects of the tax bill presented a moving target for bond markets. At the same time, traders were also adjusting to a slightly accelerated Fed rate hike outlook. The juxtaposition of these 2 themes advocated caution among traders. Because of that, it made more sense to push rates **higher first and ask questions later**.

Now, those questions might be starting to get asked. Did we assume a worst-case scenario for Treasury issuance **without** planning on much relief from revenues? Is the Fed **really** going to end up hiking as fast as their forecasts indicate? With the tax bill effects already priced in, any rethinking of Fed rate hike expectations is more free to have a **positive** effect on today's longer-term rates. We **may already be seeing signs** that the trajectory is leveling off (lower pane of the following chart).

Rates vs Rate Hike Expectations



***One final caveat for mortgage rates specifically.** This one is a blessing and a curse. On the one hand, mortgage rates have been much less volatile than Treasury yields recently. On the other hand, keep in mind that mortgages don't tend to benefit as quickly when bond markets are improving overall. If Treasury yields continue lower, mortgages will eventually follow, but it will take time, and the gains will need to stabilize for weeks before lenders begin to close the gap.



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Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Monday, Mar 26				
1:00PM	2-Yr Note Auction (bl)	30		
Tuesday, Mar 27				
9:00AM	Jan CaseShiller 20 yy (%)	+6.4	6.2	6.3
10:00AM	Mar Consumer confidence	127.7	131.0	130.8
1:00PM	5-Yr Note Auction (bl)	35		
Wednesday, Mar 28				
7:00AM	w/e Mortgage Refinance Index	1188.5		1107.7
7:00AM	w/e MBA Purchase Index	257.6		249.9
8:30AM	Q4 GDP Final (%)	2.9	2.7	2.5
10:00AM	Feb Pending Home Sales (%)	3.1	2.1	-4.7
1:00PM	7-Yr Note Auction (bl)	29		
Thursday, Mar 29				
8:30AM	Feb Personal Income (%)	0.4	0.4	0.4
8:30AM	Feb Consumer Spending (Consumption) (%)	0.200	0.200	0.200
8:30AM	Feb Core PCE (y/y) (%)	1.600	1.600	1.500
8:30AM	w/e Jobless Claims (k)	215	225	229

Event Importance:

- No Stars = Insignificant
- ☆ Low
- ★ Moderate
- ★★ Important
- ★★★★ Very Important

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
9:45AM	Mar Chicago PMI	57.4	62.0	61.9
10:00AM	Mar U Mich Sentiment Final (ip)	101.4	102.0	102.0
10:00AM	Mar U Mich 1Yr Inf Final (%)	2.8		2.9
10:00AM	Mar U Mich 5-Yr Inf Final (%)	2.5		2.5
Monday, Apr 02				
10:00AM	Mar ISM Manufacturing PMI	59.3	60.0	60.8
10:00AM	Feb Construction spending (%)	0.1	0.5	0.0
Tuesday, Apr 03				
9:45AM	Mar ISM-New York index	772.1		770.2
Wednesday, Apr 04				
8:15AM	Mar ADP National Employment (k)	241	205	235
10:00AM	Mar ISM N-Mfg PMI	58.8	59.0	59.5
10:00AM	Feb Factory orders mm (%)	1.2	1.7	-1.4
Friday, Apr 06				
8:30AM	Mar Non-farm payrolls (k)	103	193	313
8:30AM	Mar Unemployment rate mm (%)	4.1	4.0	4.1
8:30AM	Mar Average workweek hrs (hr)	34.5	34.5	34.5

All Your Mortgage Needs, Professionally Delivered with a Personal Touch

Whether you're a first-time homebuyer hoping to navigate the process of buying a home so that it is a fun and anxiety-free process or a homeowner looking for refinance options that deliver more freedom and flexibility, I can help you analyze your current situation and find money saving options. With expertise in all areas of mortgage and financing, my hope is that once I become your mortgage partner, I'll stay your mortgage partner. With clients from A to Z, files never leave my hands or my desk. From start to finish, every step of the way, my goal is to keep the lines of communication open, provide complete and attentive service, and ensure the most seamless and satisfactory process possible.

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